

## 1600x3200mm COLLECTION

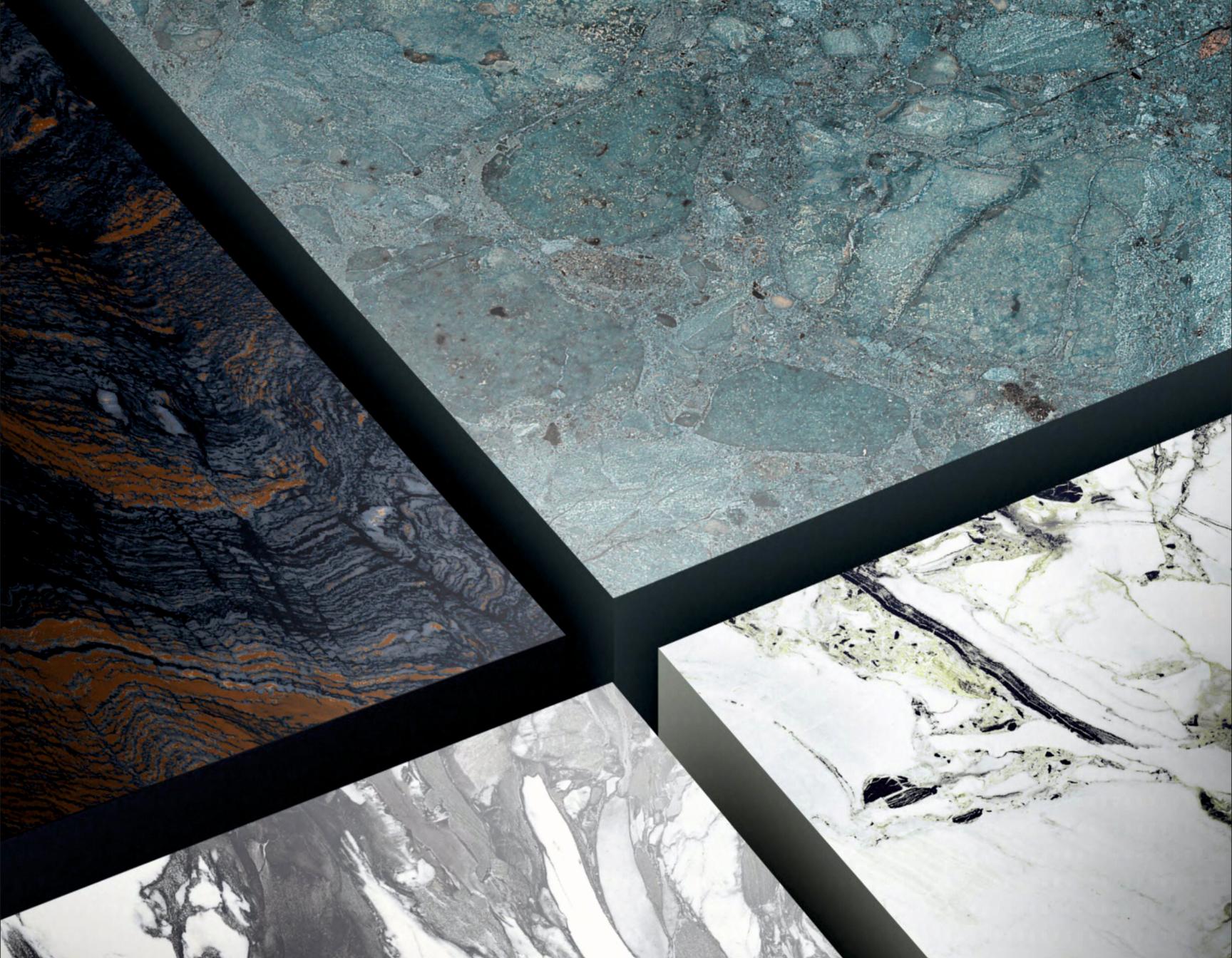
1600X 3200MM



illuminating your world with unparalleled beauty and glamour.

Transform your living spaces into palatial retreats with our exquisite Asiano Ceramic tiles. Craed with precision and designed to mesmerize, these tiles are the epitome of luxury and sophistication.





### Pioneered with TRIPLE-LAYERED **TECHNOLOGY**

redefines surface innovation with its diverse spectrum of fullbody colors, setting a new standard in the industry.

The foundational strength is complemented by digitally printed layers of intricate patterns and designs, crowned with a matt coating layer to give a luxurious finish. These subtle surfaces promises enduring beauty that lasts for

Matt Coating Layer

**Digitaly Printed** Layer

S&P Fullbody 03

TechSTONE / Large Format Slabs

### Individualized With SUPREME **PATTERNS**

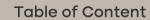
Our extensive range of color and patterns helps you add a personalized touch that transforms your space into a masterpiece of style. Enjoy the freedom to create a space that truly resonates your aesthetic

S&P Fullbody

Color Body

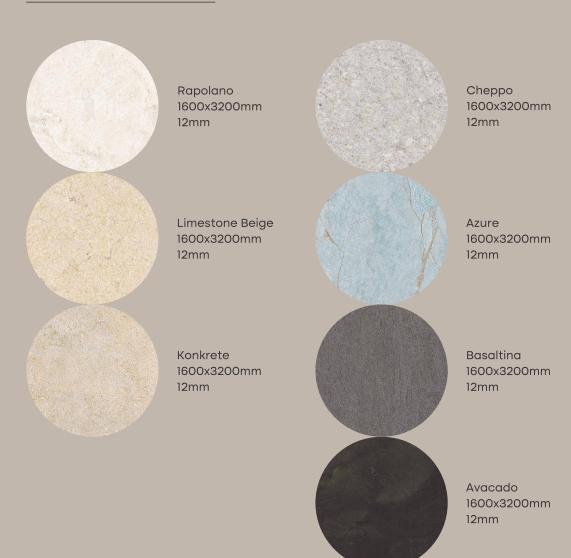
Techstone + Milagro 30





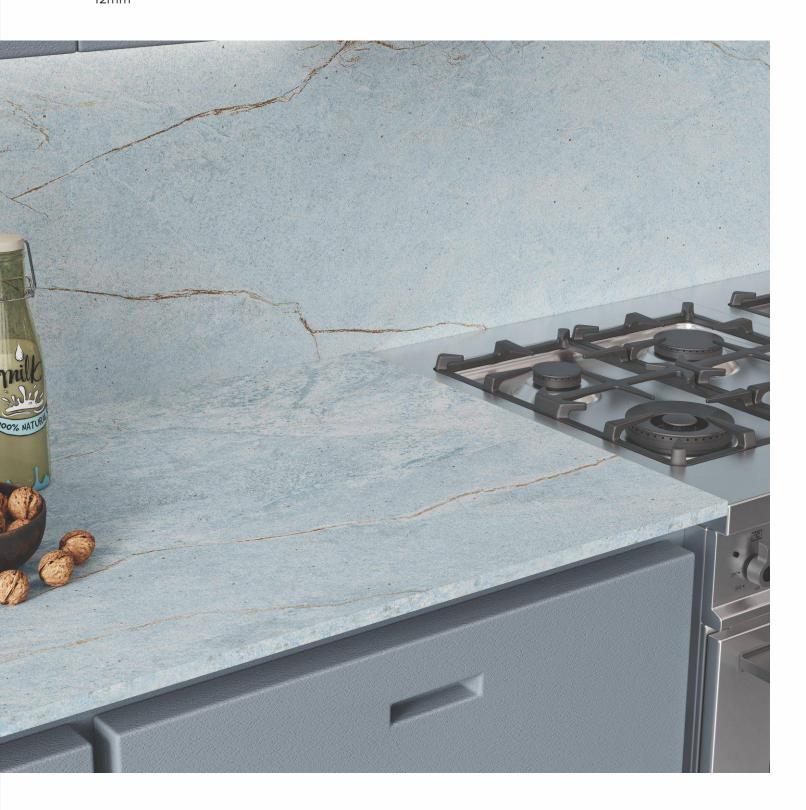
# S&P Ivory Body S&P Blue Body S&P Dark Grey Body S&P Light Grey Body S&P Green Body S&P White Body S&P Beige Body

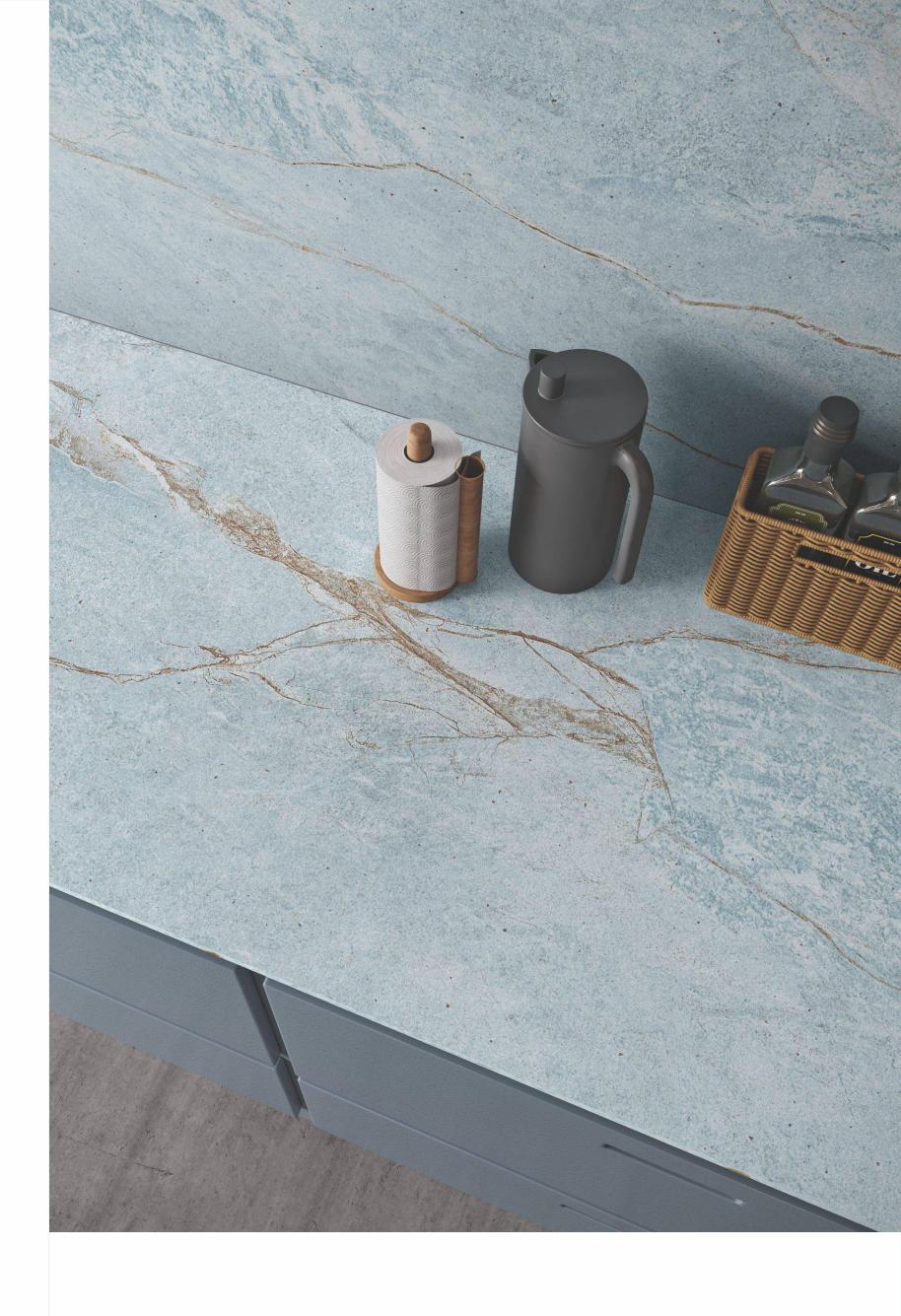
### S&P BODY





Cookery Corner\_ Azure 1600x3200mm 12mm







Cookery Corner\_ Azure 1600x3200mm 12mm

### LIMESTONE BEIGE





Size: Surface: Thickness: Typology: 1600x3200mm / 63"x126" Milagro - TechSTONE 12mm S&P Fullbody



Cooking Haven\_ Limestone Beige 1600x3200mm 12mm



Cooking Haven\_ Limestone Beige 1600x3200mm 12mm



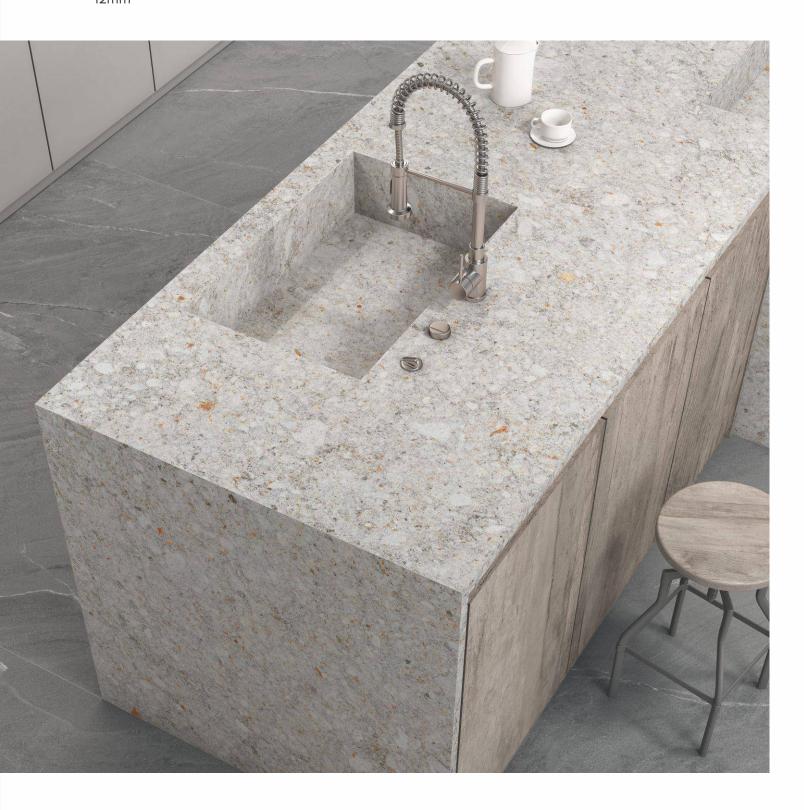




Cooking Haven\_ Limestone Beige 1600x3200mm 12mm



Dining Suite\_ Cheppo 1600x3200mm 12mm



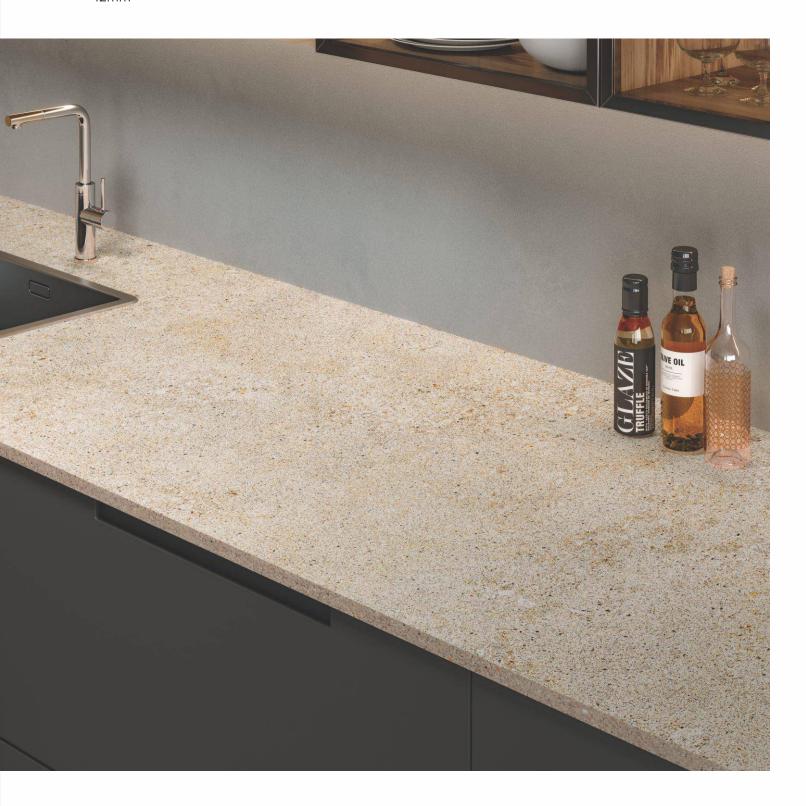




Dining Suite\_ Cheppo 1600x3200mm 12mm



Culinary Space\_ Konkrete 1600x3200mm 12mm



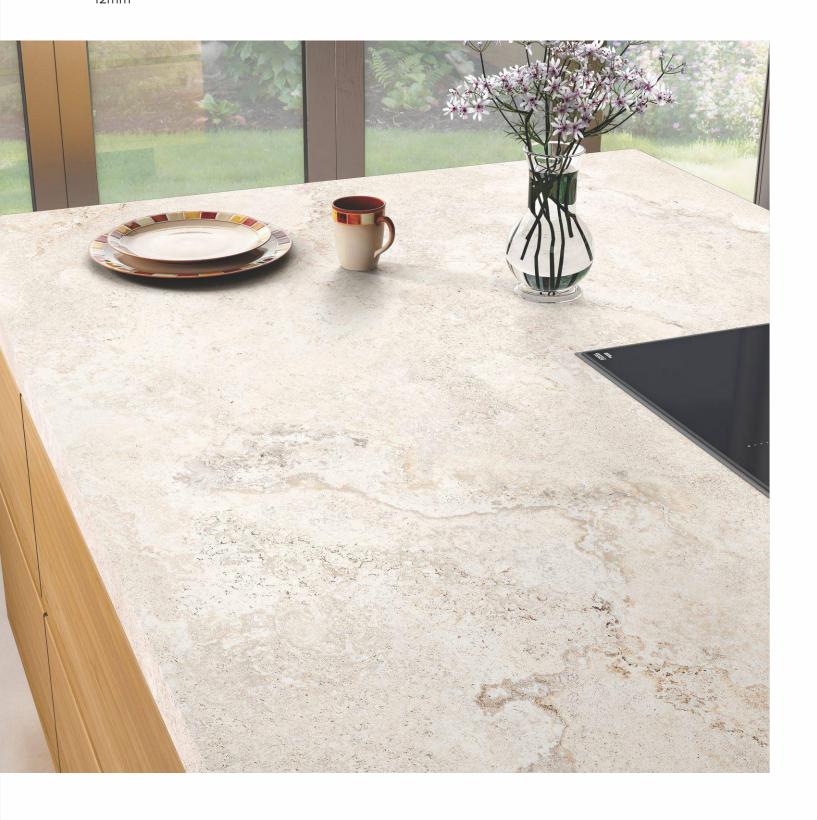




Culinary Space\_ Konkrete 1600x3200mm 12mm



Kitchen Area\_ Rapolano 1600x3200mm 12mm







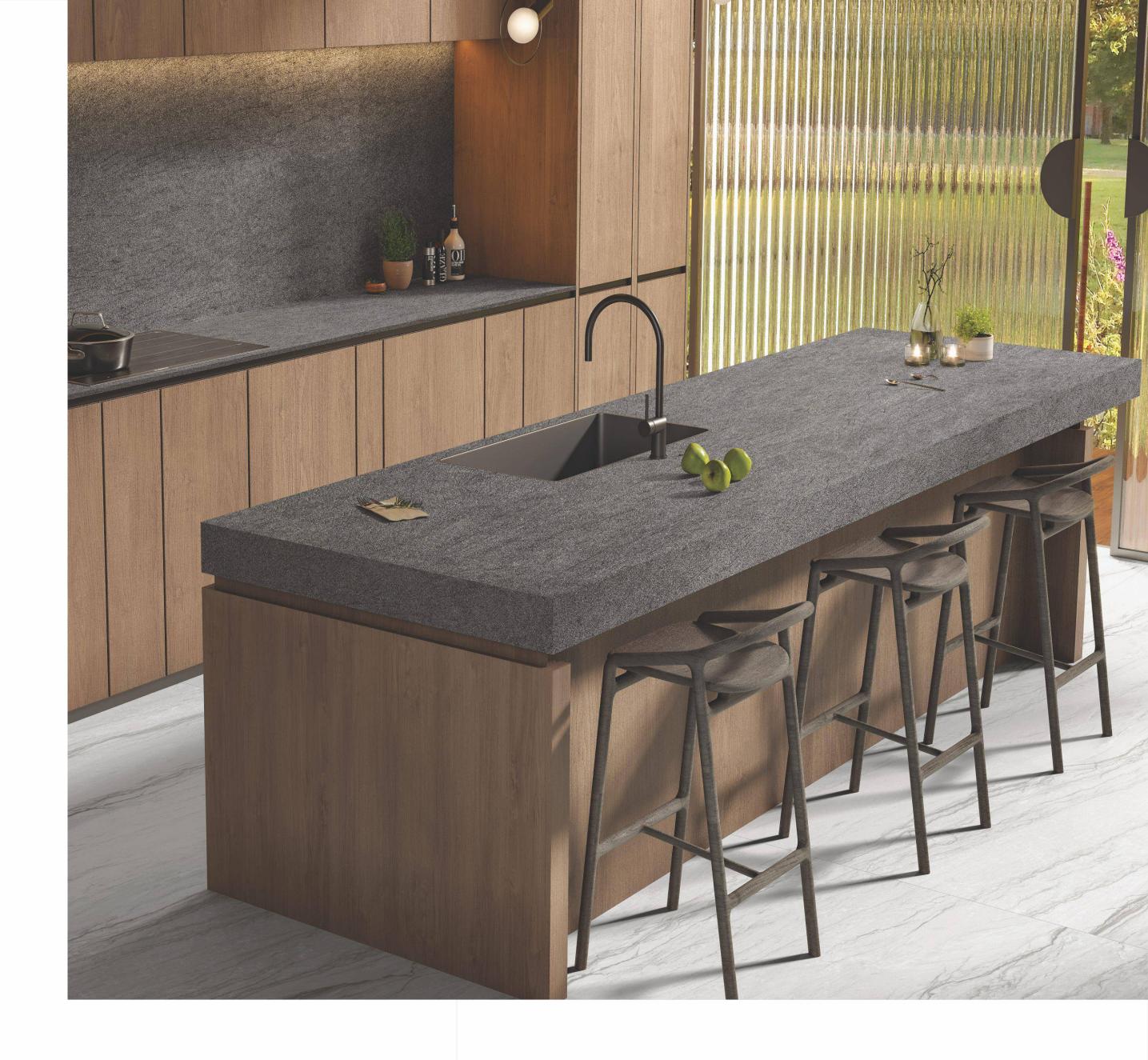
Kitchen Area\_ Rapolano 1600x3200mm 12mm



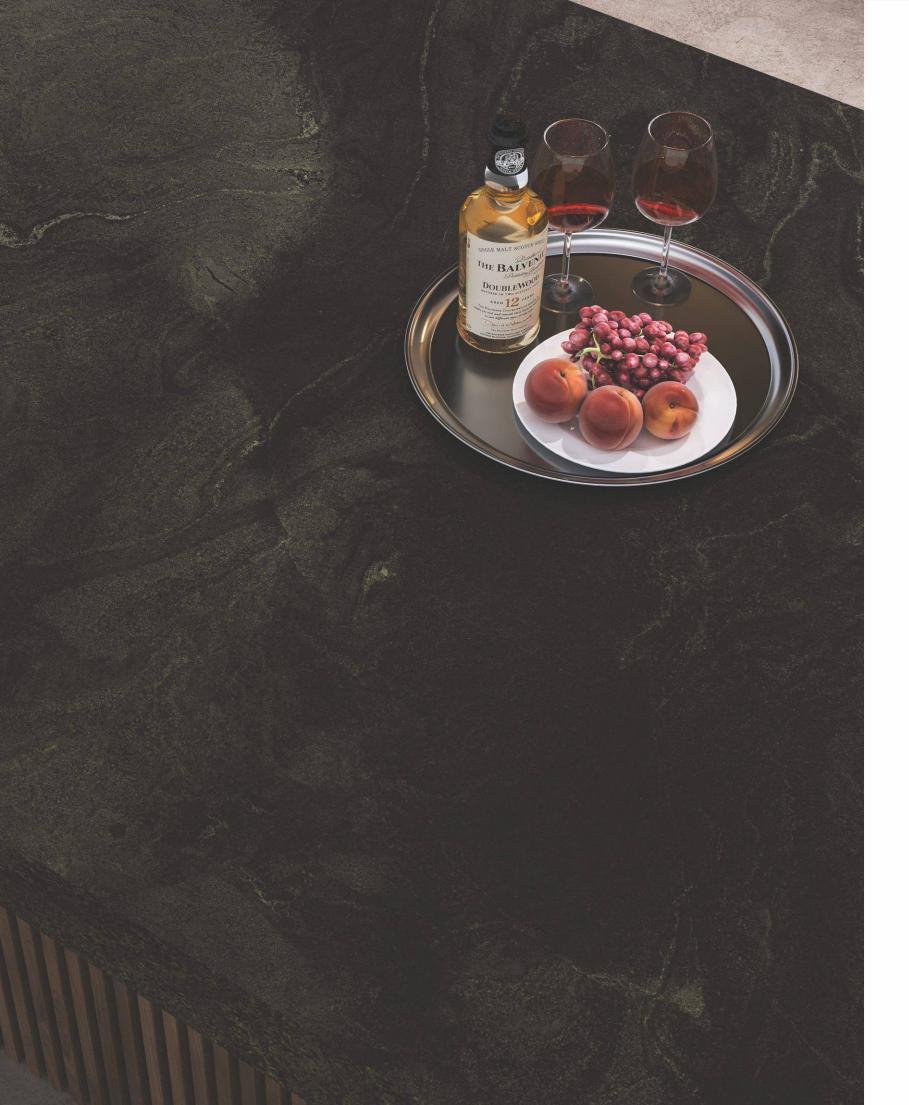
Eating Area\_ Basaltina 1600x3200mm 12mm







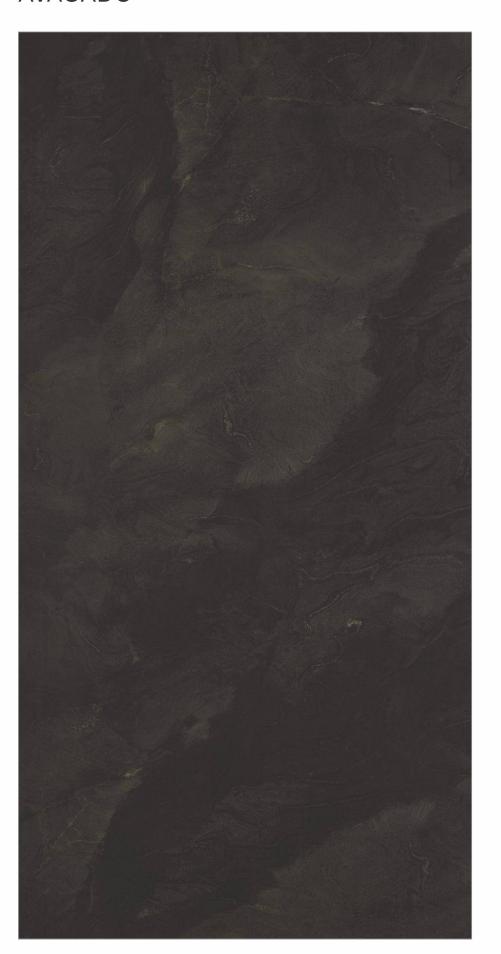
Eating Area\_ Basaltina 1600x3200mm 12mm







### AVACADO

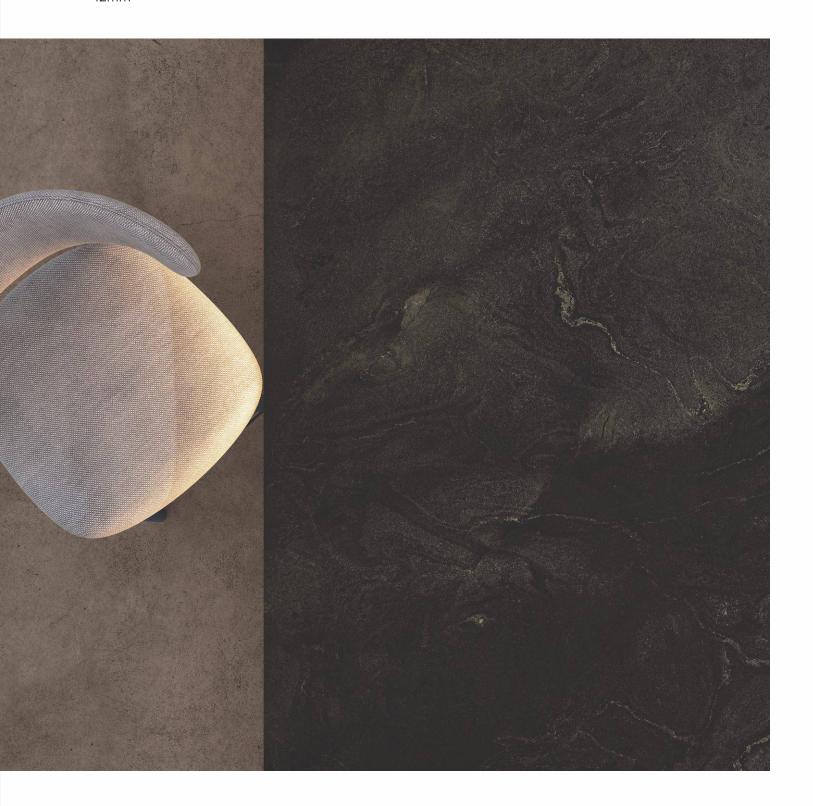


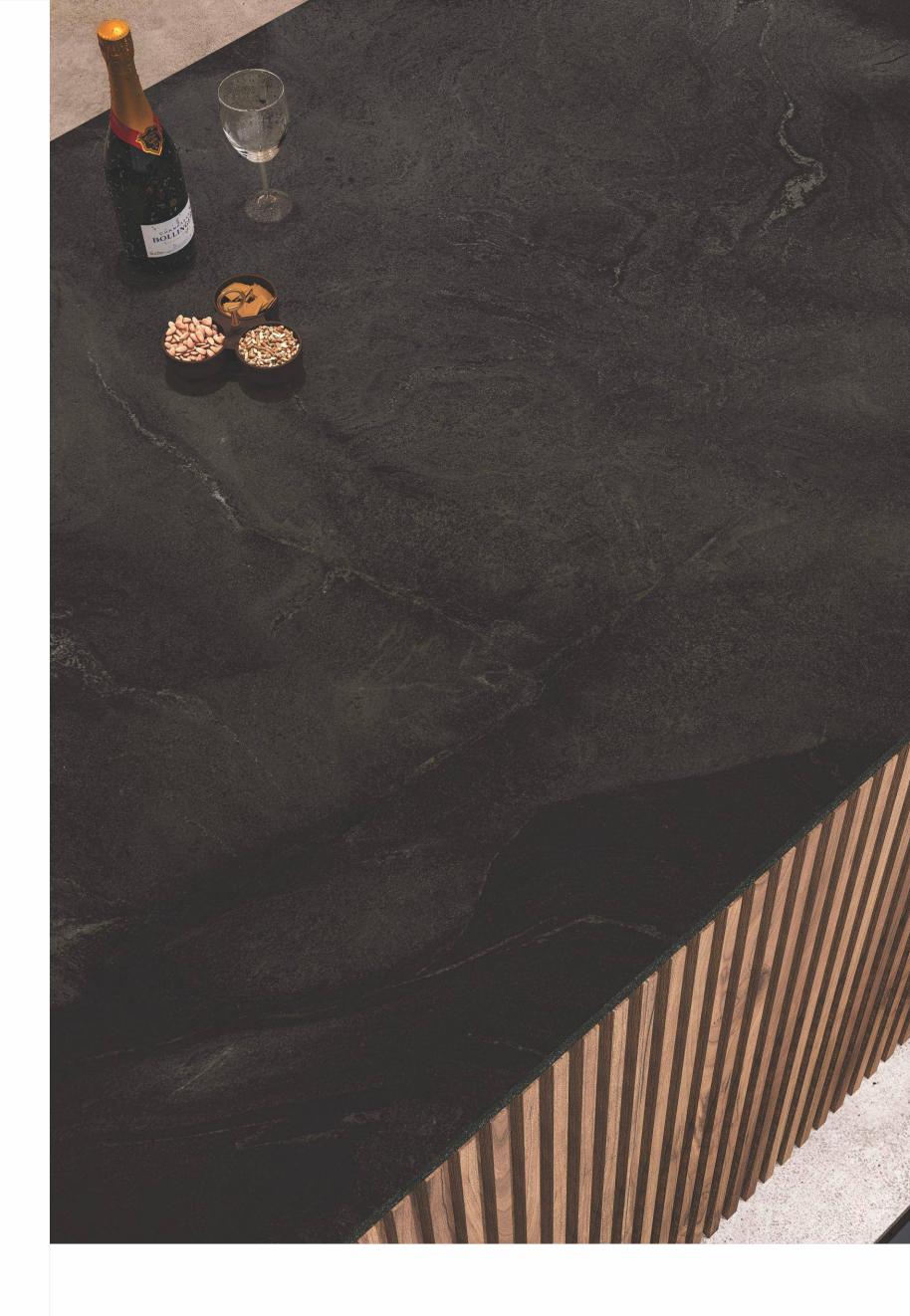


Size: 1600x3200mm / 63"x126"
Surface: Milagro - TechSTONE
Thickness: 12mm
Typology: S&P Fullbody



Cocktail Lounge\_ Avacado 1600x3200mm 12mm







Cocktail Lounge\_ Avacado 1600x3200mm 12mm

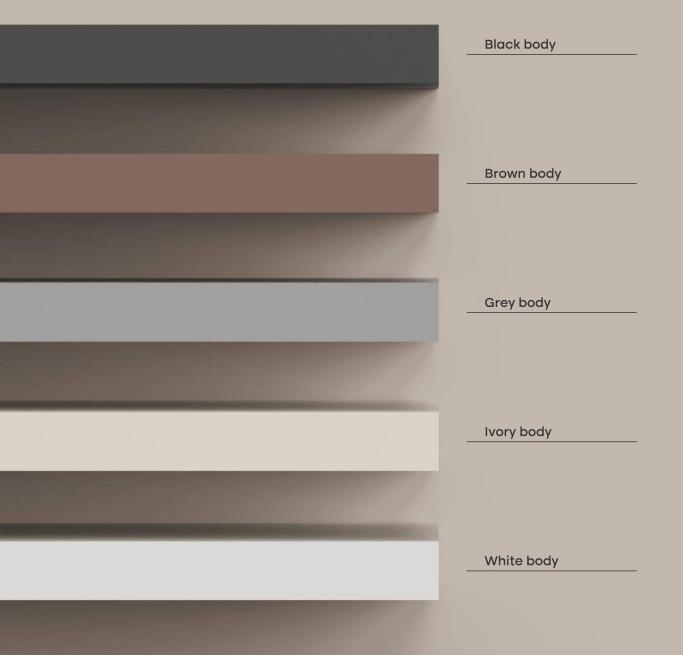


## Milagro Surfaces

1600x3200mm | 63"x126" 12mm Thickness

Milagro Surfaces are a perfect match of beauty and durability. The wide range of hues and design options are beyond imagination and gives your interior that long-lasting aesthetic appeal.

The aesthetic finishes and intricate patterns give your spaces a unique and cohesive look. Bring home the versatility in design and color, and let your space speak volumes with surfaces that echo your personality.



### **Table of Content**

### WHITE BODY

### **IVORY BODY**







Casa Blanca



12mm



Santorini Blanca 1600x3200mm 12mm

Travertino Crema

1600x3200mm

Laurent Gold

1600x3200mm

Macabus Gold

12mm



Travertino Bianco 1600x3200mm 12mm

Statuario Natural

1600x3200mm

Statuario Magia

1600x3200mm

Apollo White

1600x3200mm

Carrara Gold

1600x3200mm

Santorini Dove

1600x3200mm

12mm

12mm

12mm

12mm

12mm

### **BROWN BODY**



Dazzle Brown 1600x3200mm 12mm



Illusion Bronze 1600x3200mm 12mm



Metaalio Rust 1600x3200mm 12mm



12mm

#### **GREY BODY**

### **BLACK BODY**



Slate Pietra 1600x3200mm 12mm



Grigo Venezia 1600x3200mm 12mm



Sandstone Grigio 1600x3200mm 12mm



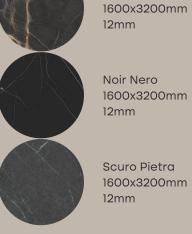
1600x3200mm



12mm

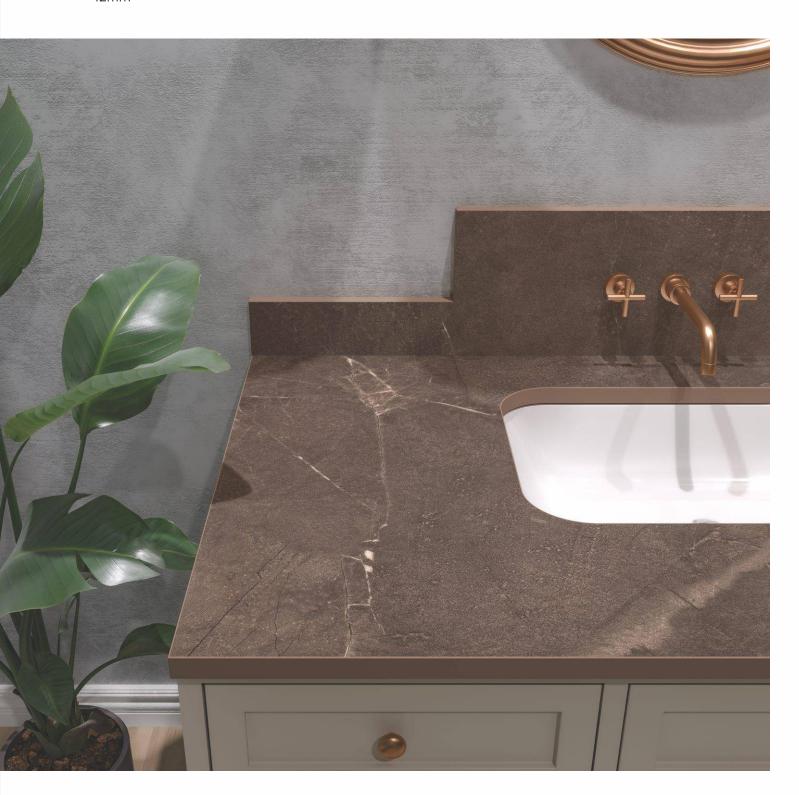


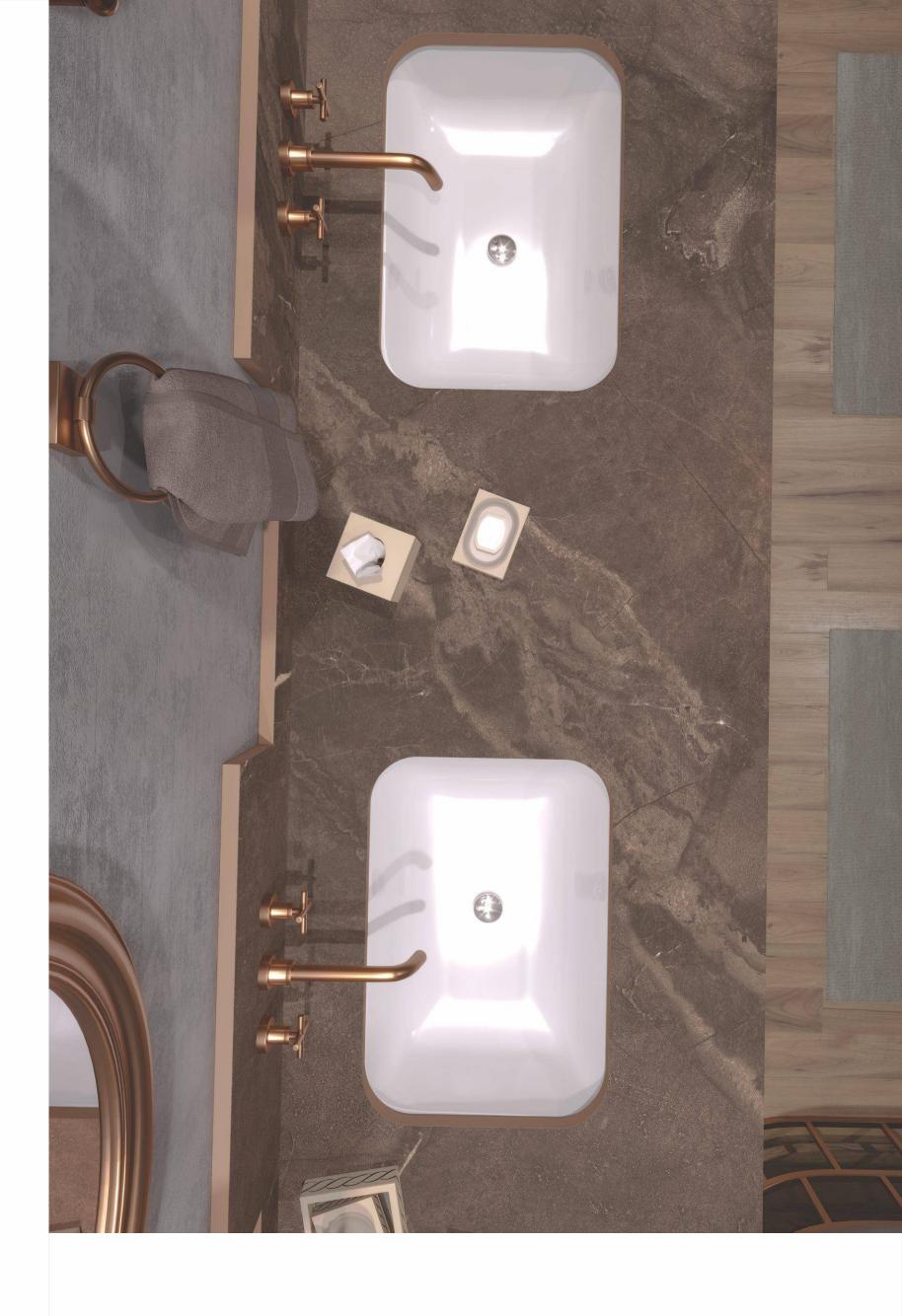
1600x3200mm





Vanity Area\_ Dazzle Brown 1600x3200mm 12mm



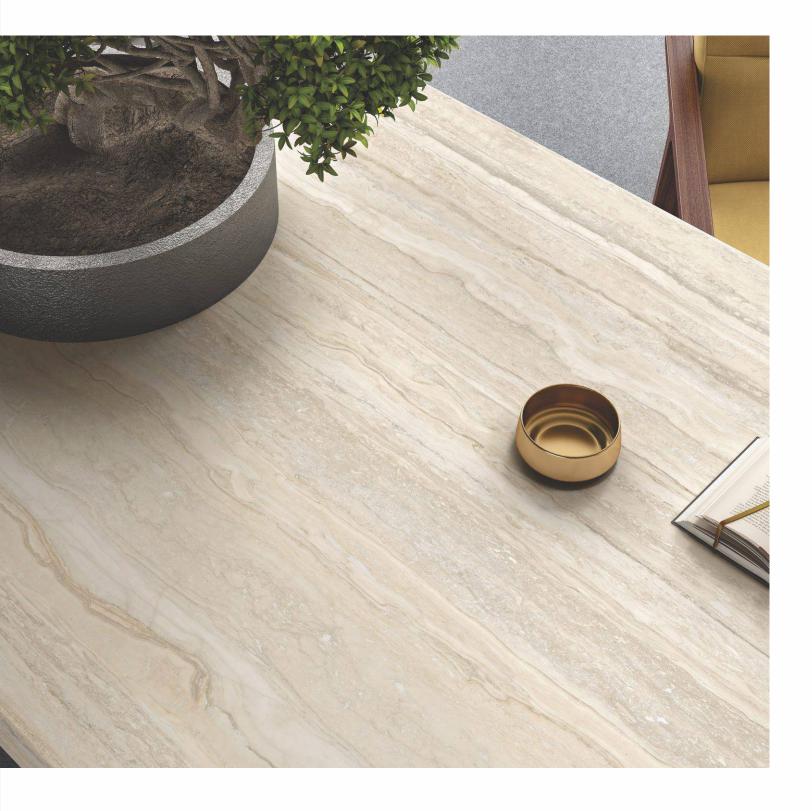




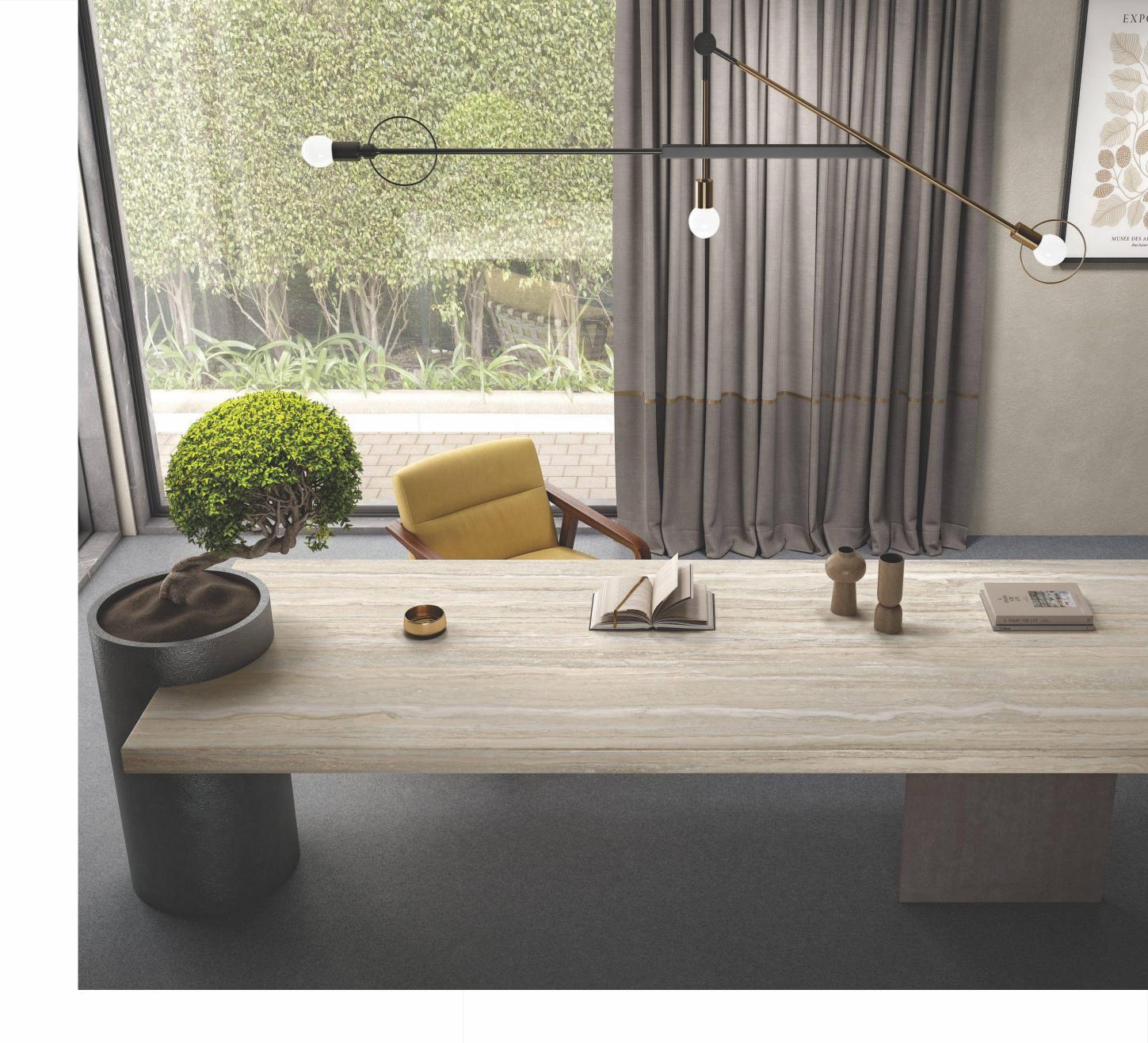
Vanity Area\_ Dazzle Brown 1600x3200mm 12mm



Study\_ Travertino Crema 1600x3200mm 12mm







Study\_ Travertino Crema 1600x3200mm 12mm



Cutting Board Area\_ Slate Pietra 1600x3200mm 12mm







Cutting Board Area\_ Slate Pietra 1600x3200mm 12mm

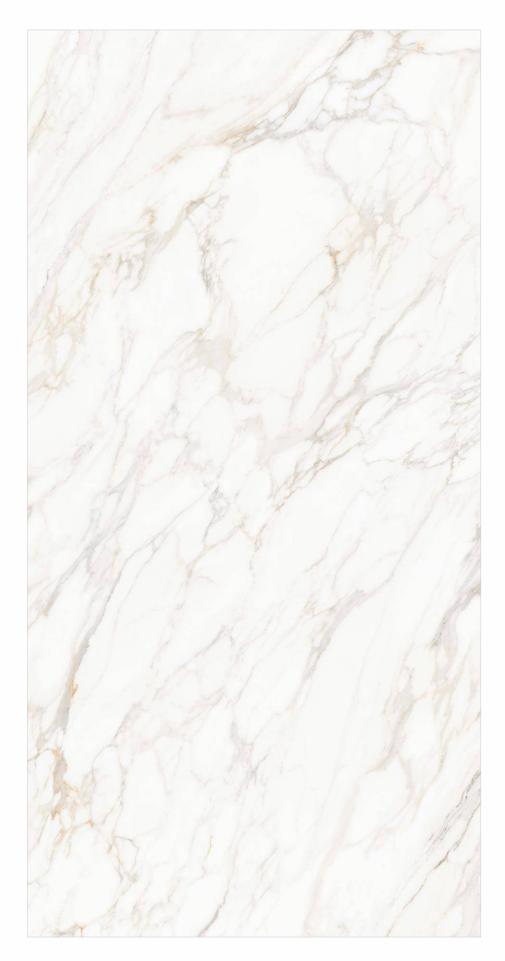


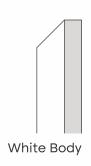
Meal Zone\_ Carrara Gold 1600x3200mm 12mm





# CARRARA GOLD





Size: 1600x3200mm / 63"x126"
Surface: Milagro
Thickness: 12mm
Typology: Color Body



Meal Zone\_ Carrara Gold 1600x3200mm 12mm





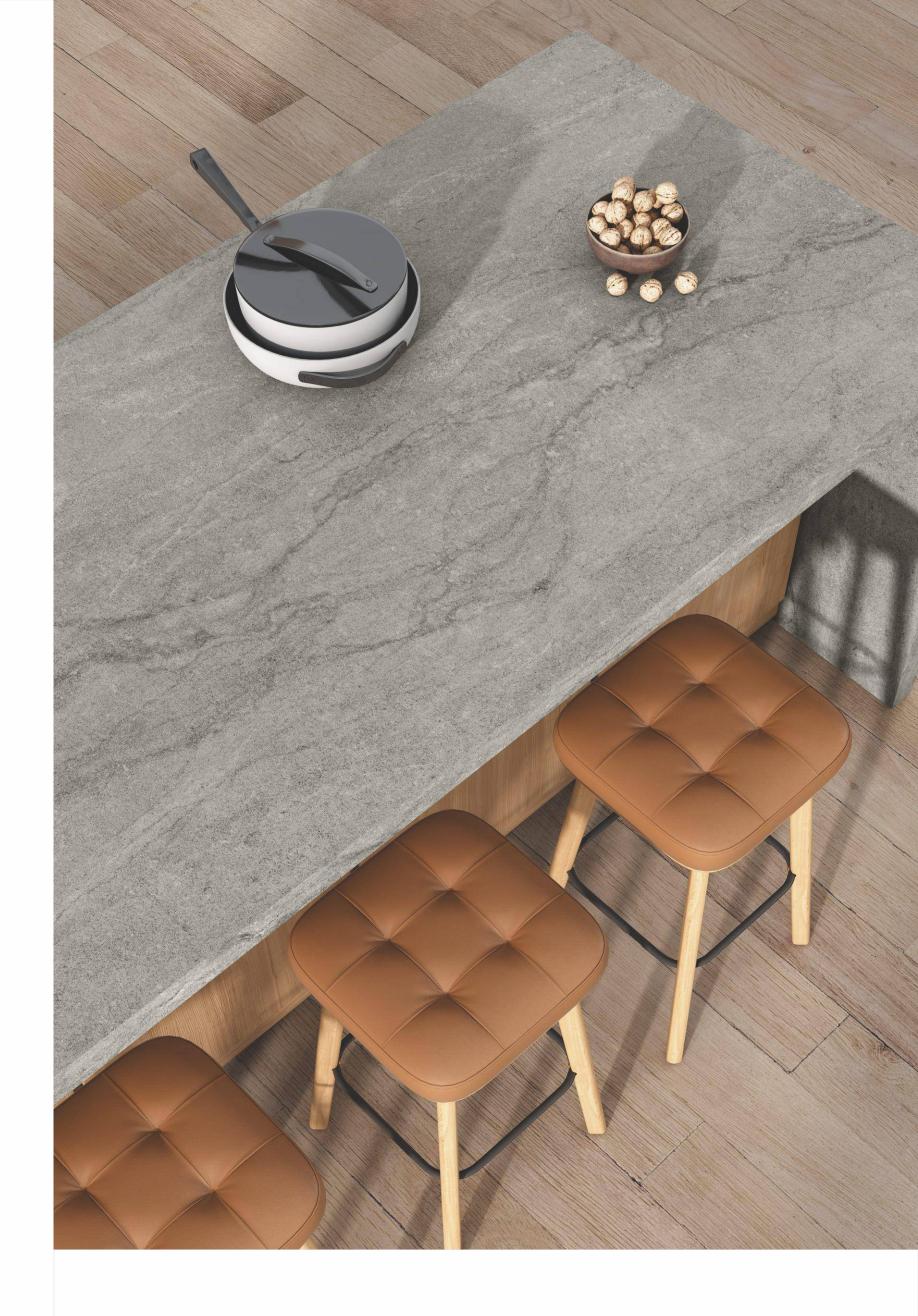


Meal Zone\_ Carrara Gold 1600x3200mm 12mm



Chopping Nook\_ Sandstone Grigio 1600x3200mm 12mm







Chopping Nook\_ Sandstone Grigio 1600x3200mm 12mm



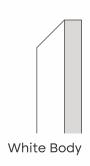






### TRAVERTINO BIANCO





1600x3200mm / 63"x126" Milagro 12mm Color Body

Size: Surface: Thickness: Typology:



Recipe Retreat\_ Travertino Bianco 1600x3200mm 12mm





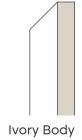


Recipe Retreat\_ Travertino Bianco 1600x3200mm 12mm













Size: Surface: Thickness: Typology: 1600x3200mm / 63"x126" Milagro 12mm Color Body

Baking Zone\_ Mini Cheppo 1600x3200mm 12mm



Baking Zone\_ Mini Cheppo 1600x3200mm 12mm







Baking Zone\_ Mini Cheppo 1600x3200mm 12mm

# CASA BLANCA



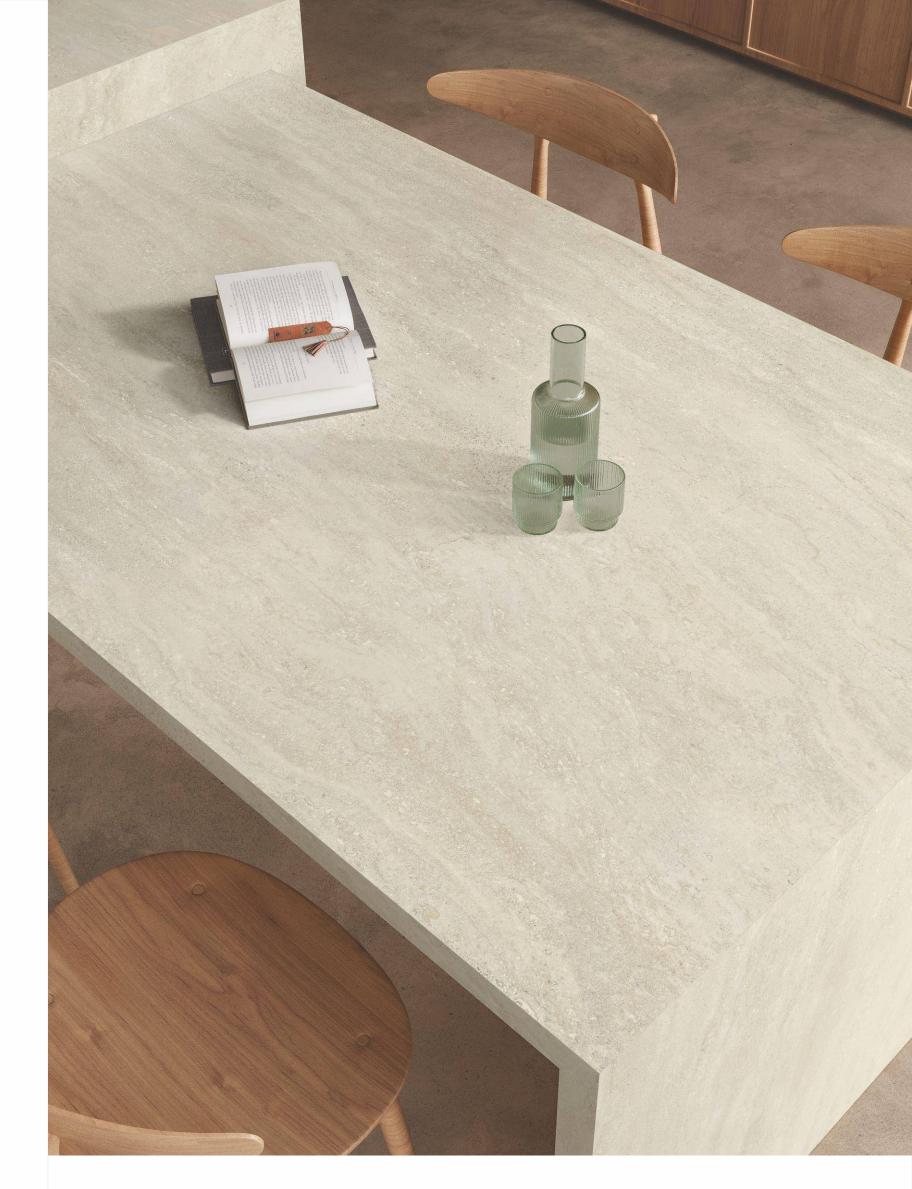
Ivory Body

 Size:
 1600x3200mm / 63"x126"

 Surface:
 Milagro

 Thickness:
 12mm

 Typology:
 Color Body



Kitchen Quarters\_ Casa Blanca 1600x3200mm 12mm



Kitchen Quarters\_ Casa Blanca 1600x3200mm 12mm







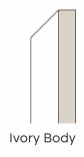
Kitchen Quarters\_ Casa Blanca 1600x3200mm 12mm Recipe Deciding Area\_ Torso Gold 1600x3200mm 12mm





# TORSO GOLD





Size: 1600x3200mm / 63"x126"
Surface: Milagro
Thickness: 12mm
Typology: Color Body



Recipe Deciding Area\_ Torso Gold 1600x3200mm 12mm







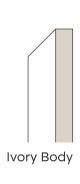
Recipe Deciding Area\_ Torso Gold 1600x3200mm 12mm

# SANTORINI BLANCA



1600x3200mm / 63"x126" Milagro 12mm Color Body

Size: Surface: Thickness: <u>Typology:</u>



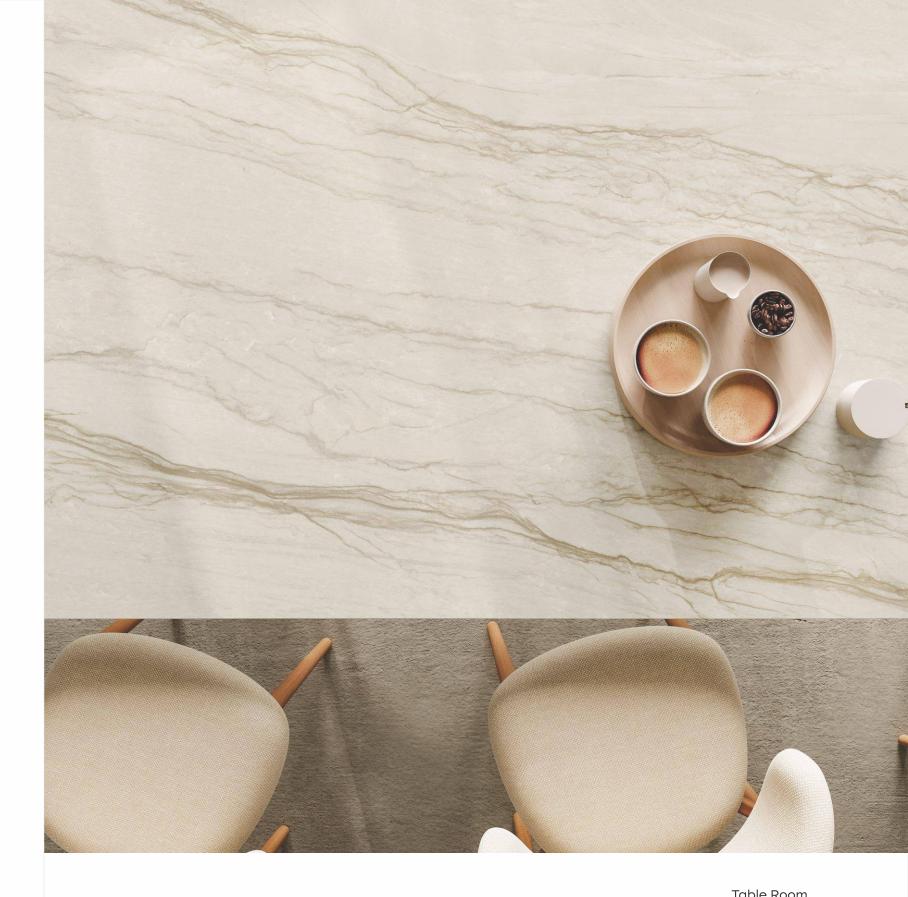


Table Room\_ Santorini Blanca 1600x3200mm 12mm



F-2



Table Room\_ Santorini Blanca 1600x3200mm 12mm



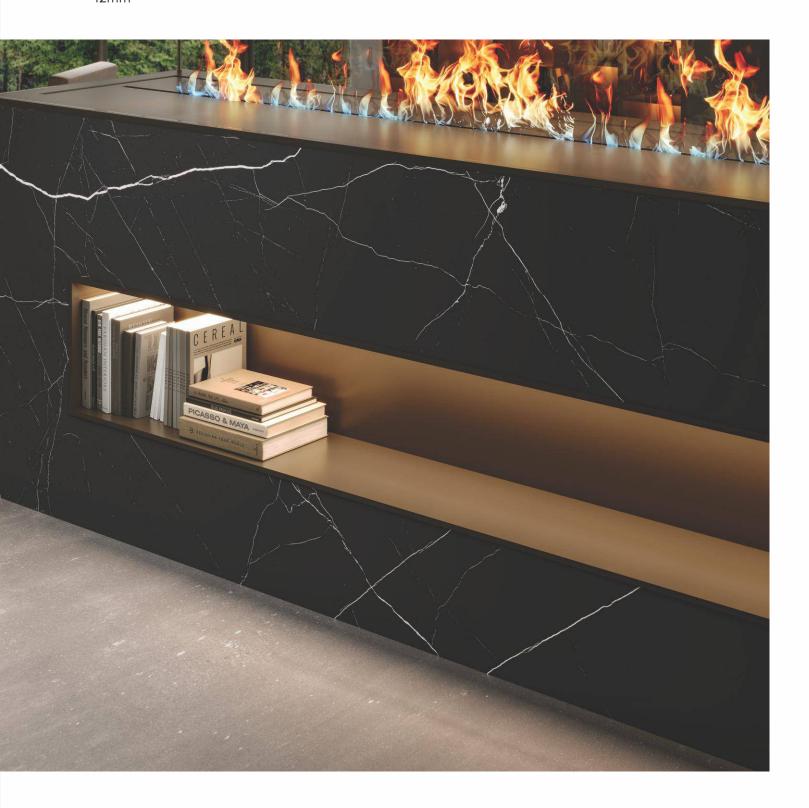




Table Room\_ Santorini Blanca 1600x3200mm 12mm



Corridor Heat Hub\_ Noir Nero 1600x3200mm 12mm





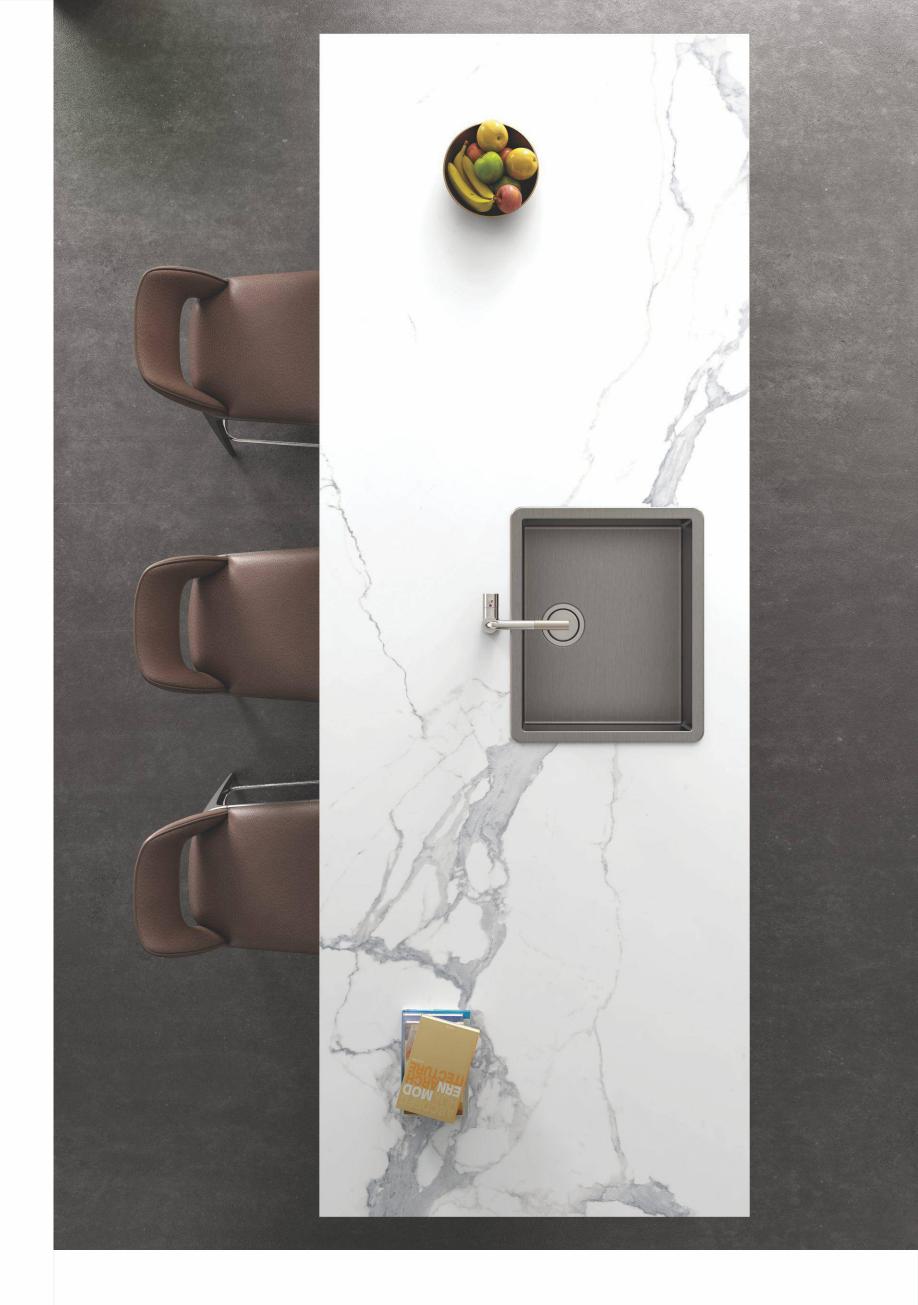


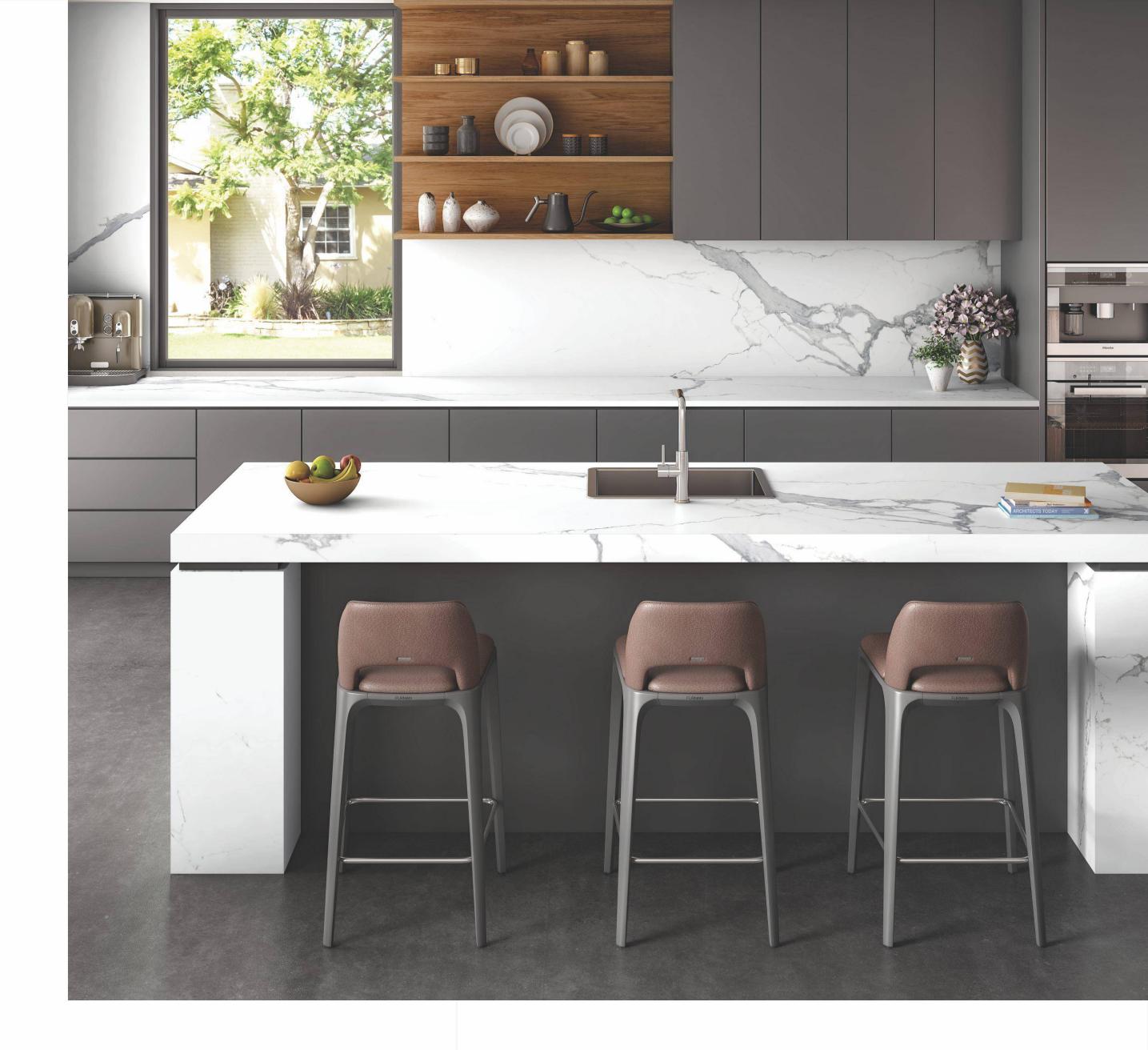
Corridor Heat Hub\_ Noir Nero 1600x3200mm 12mm



Kitchen Retreat\_ Statuario Natural 1600x3200mm 12mm







Kitchen Retreat\_ Statuario Natural 1600x3200mm 12mm



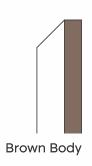
Prep Space\_ Illusion Bronze 1600x3200mm 12mm





# ILLUSION BRONZE

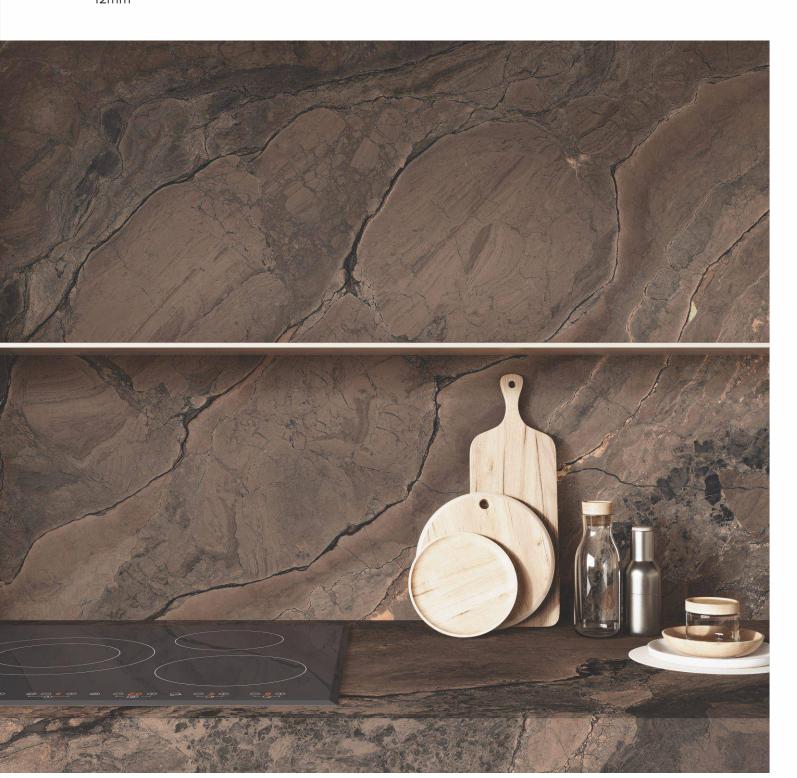


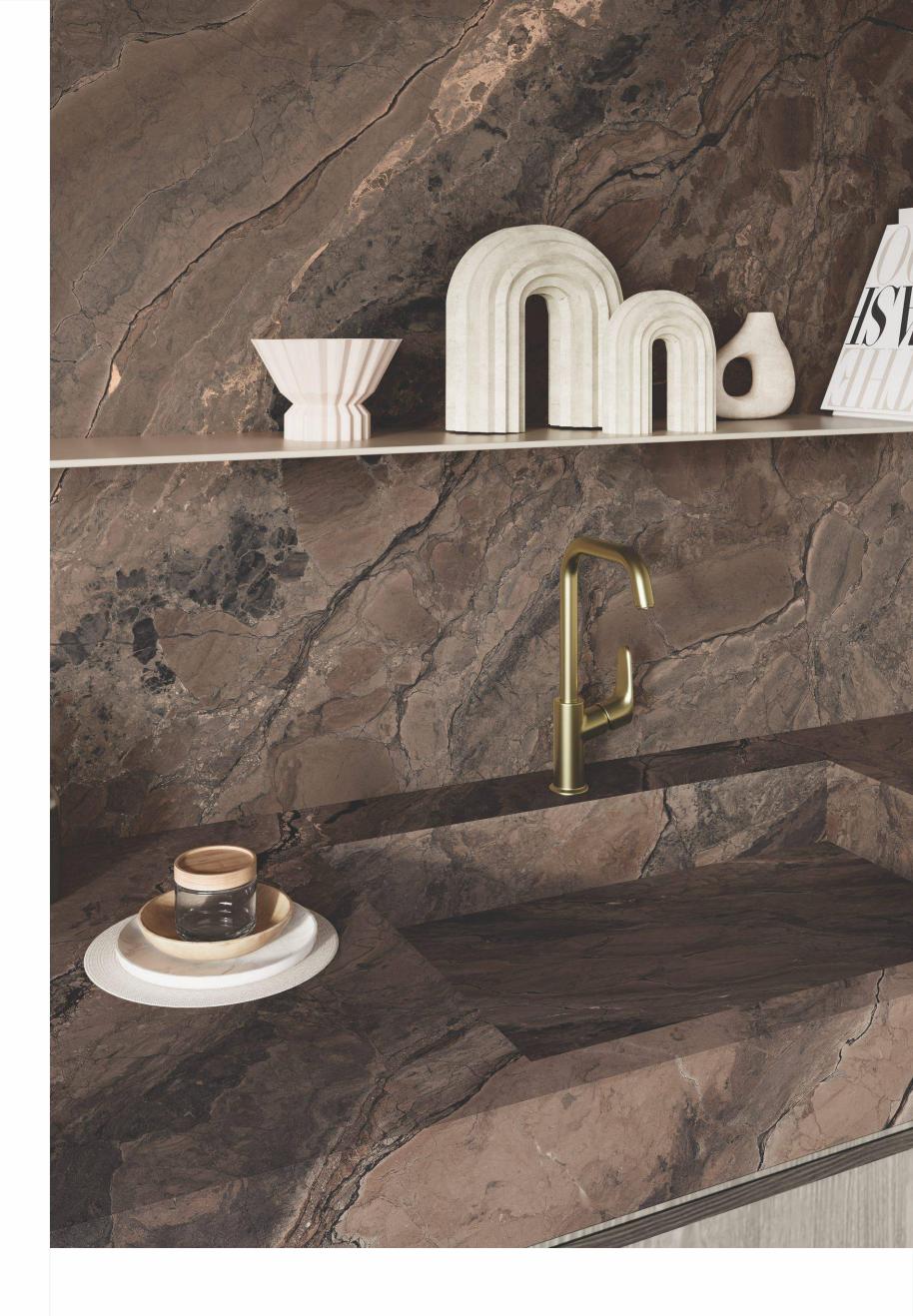


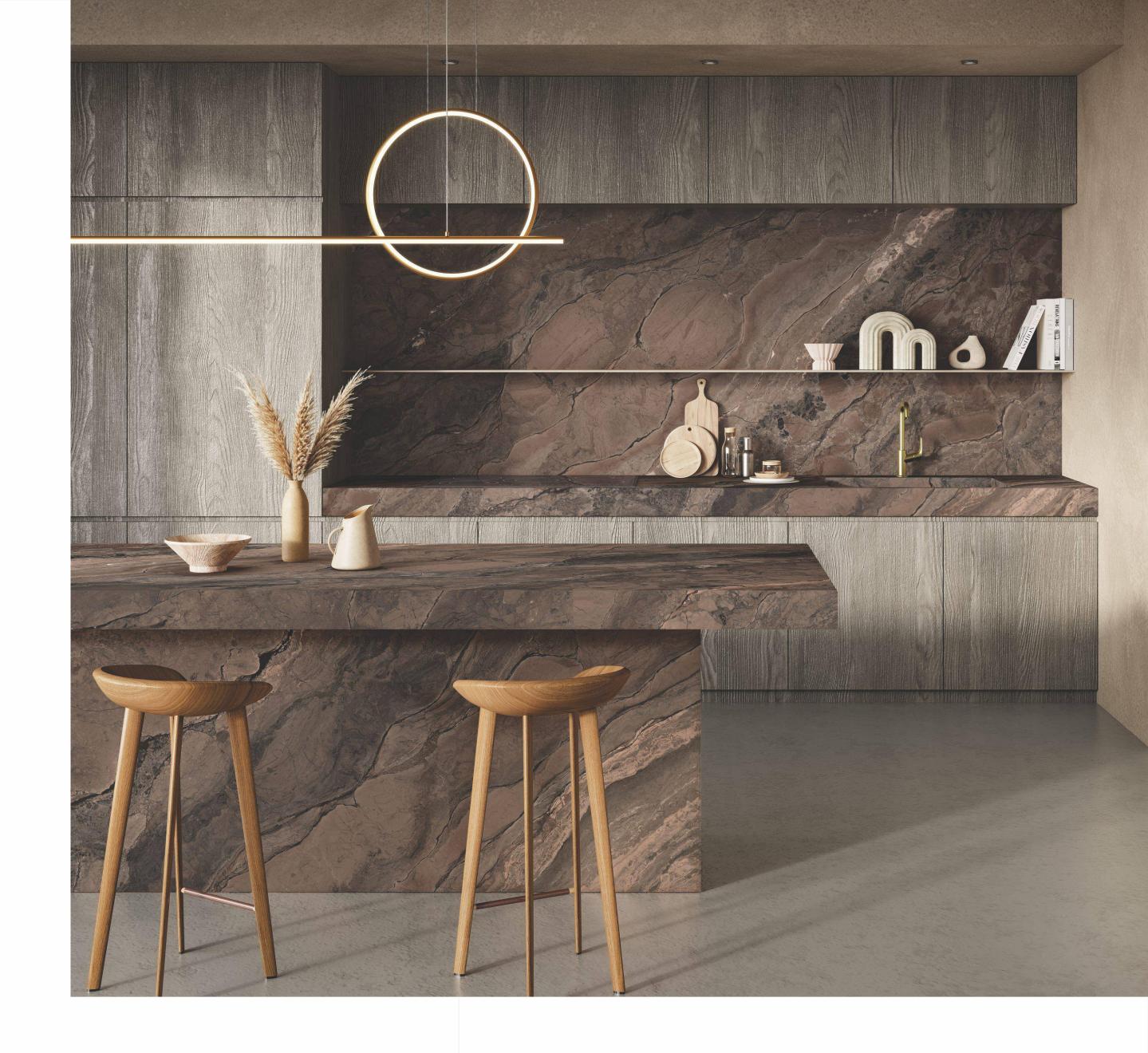
Size: 1600x3200mm / 63"x126"
Surface: Milagro
Thickness: 12mm
Typology: Color Body



Prep Space\_ Illusion Bronze 1600x3200mm 12mm







Prep Space\_ Illusion Bronze 1600x3200mm 12mm

### METAALIO RUST



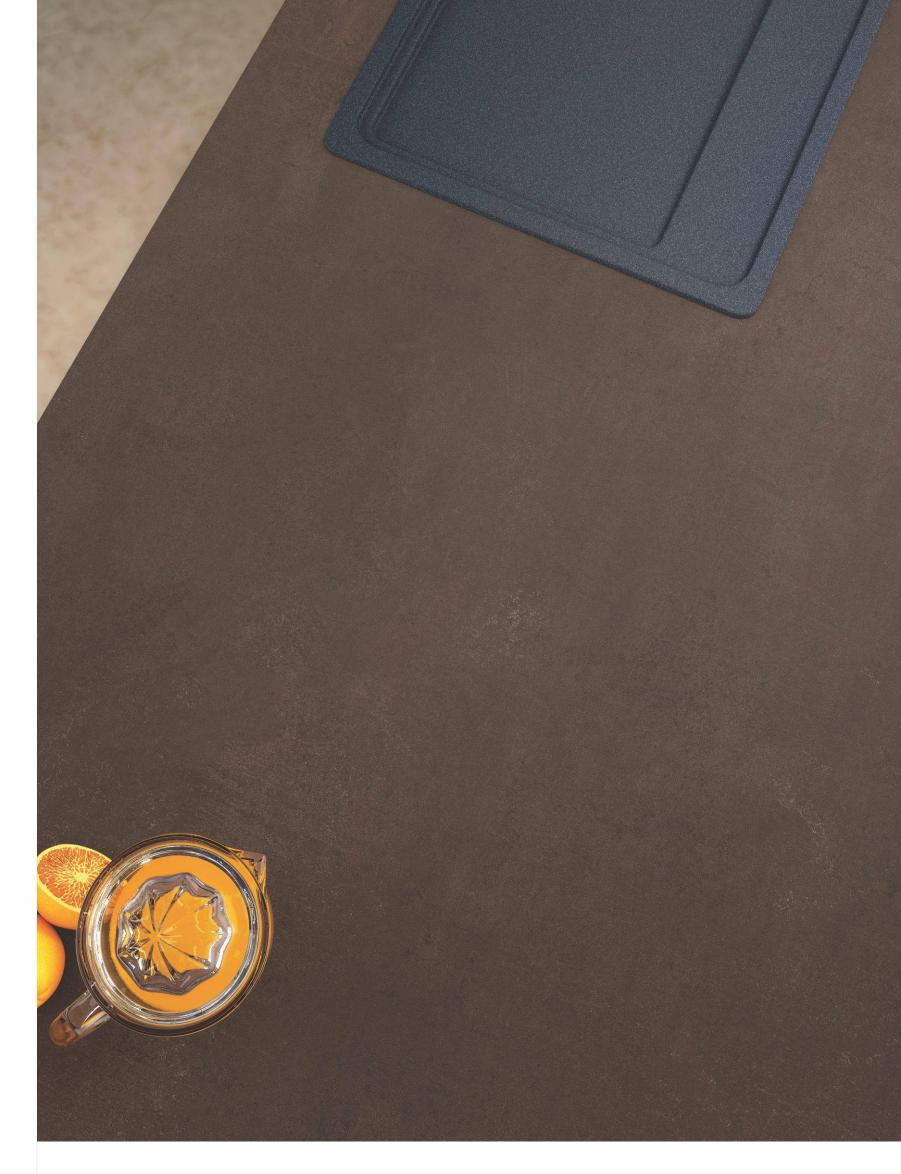
Brown Body

 Size:
 1600x3200mm / 63"x126"

 Surface:
 Milagro

 Thickness:
 12mm

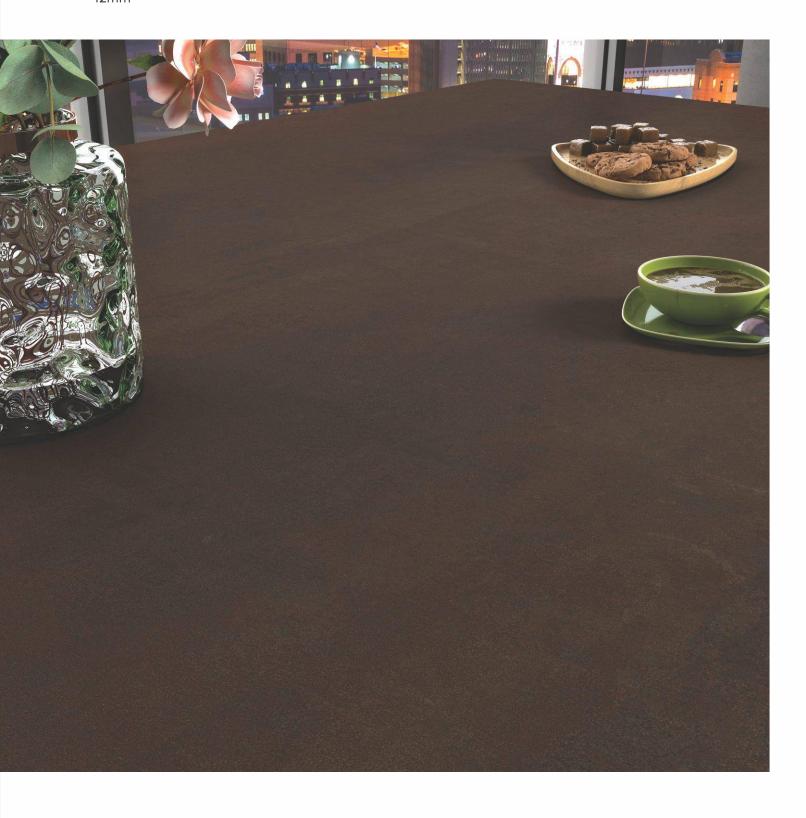
 Typology:
 Color Body



Slicing Station\_ Metaalio Rust 1600x3200mm 12mm



Slicing Station\_ **Metaalio Rust** 1600x3200mm 12mm







Slicing Station\_ Metaalio Rust 1600x3200mm 12mm



Gourmet Zone\_ Statuario Magia 1600x3200mm 12mm







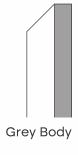
Gourmet Zone\_ Statuario Magia 1600x3200mm 12mm Elevator Hall\_ Grigo Venezia 1600x3200mm 12mm





# GRIGO VENEZIA

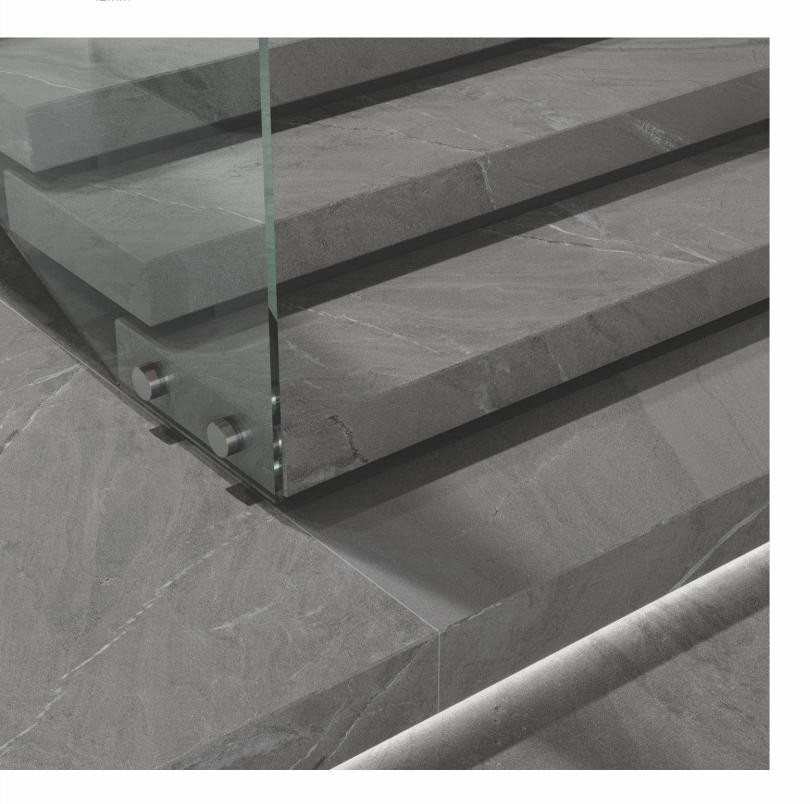




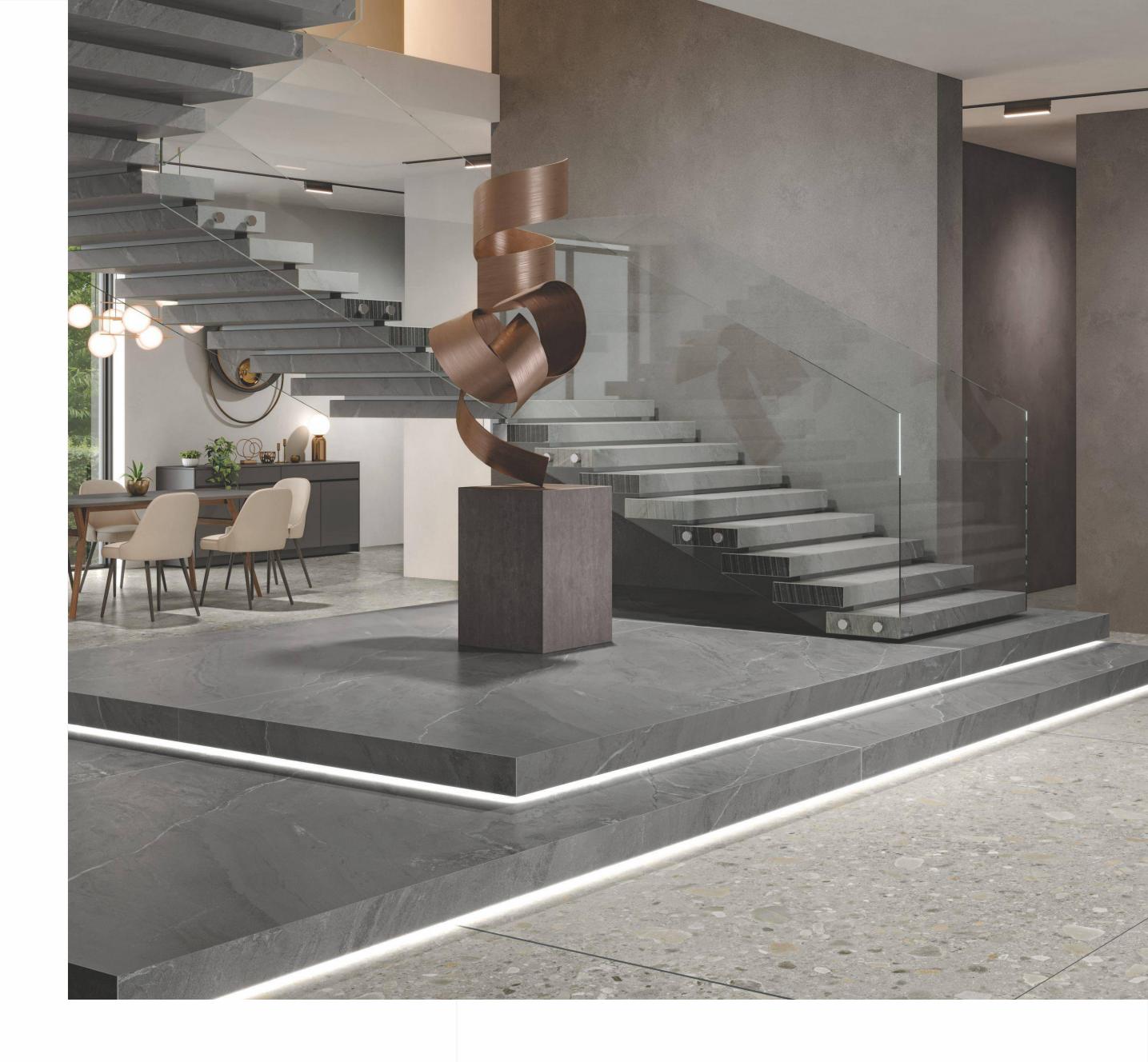
Size: 1600x3200mm / 63"x126"
Surface: Milagro
Thickness: 12mm
Typology: Color Body



Elevator Hall\_ **Grigo Venezia** 1600x3200mm 12mm



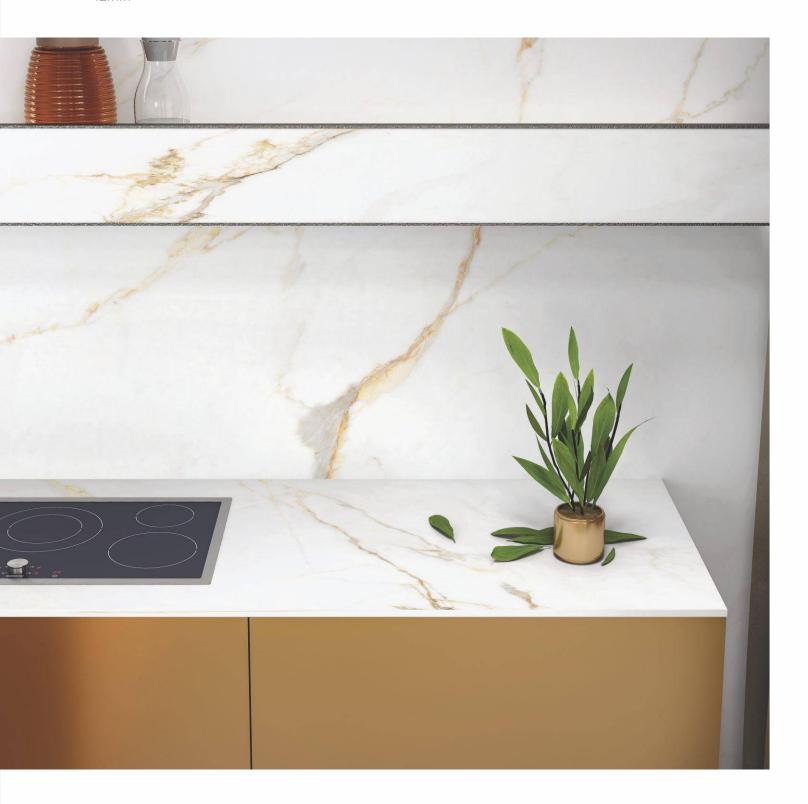




Elevator Hall\_ **Grigo Venezia** 1600x3200mm 12mm



Dining Nook\_ Apollo White 1600x3200mm 12mm







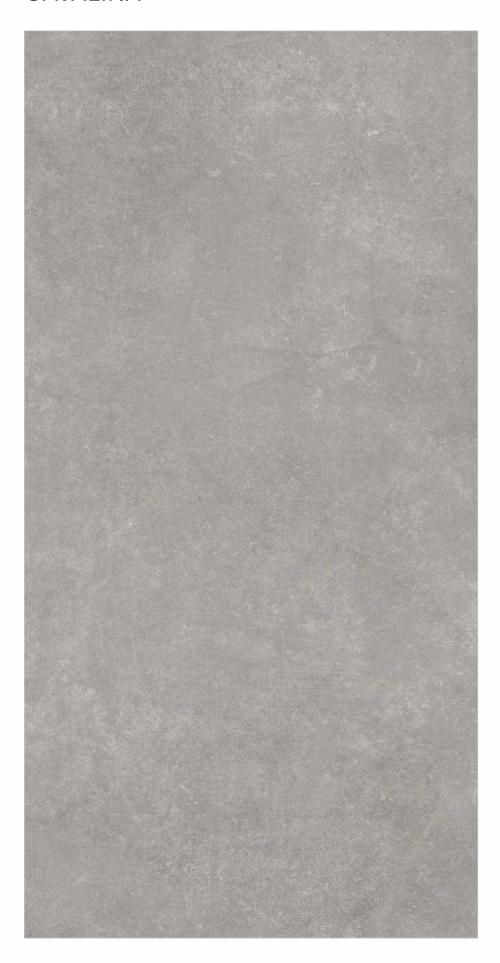
Dining Nook\_ Apollo White 1600x3200mm 12mm

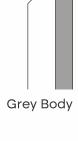






# CAVALINA

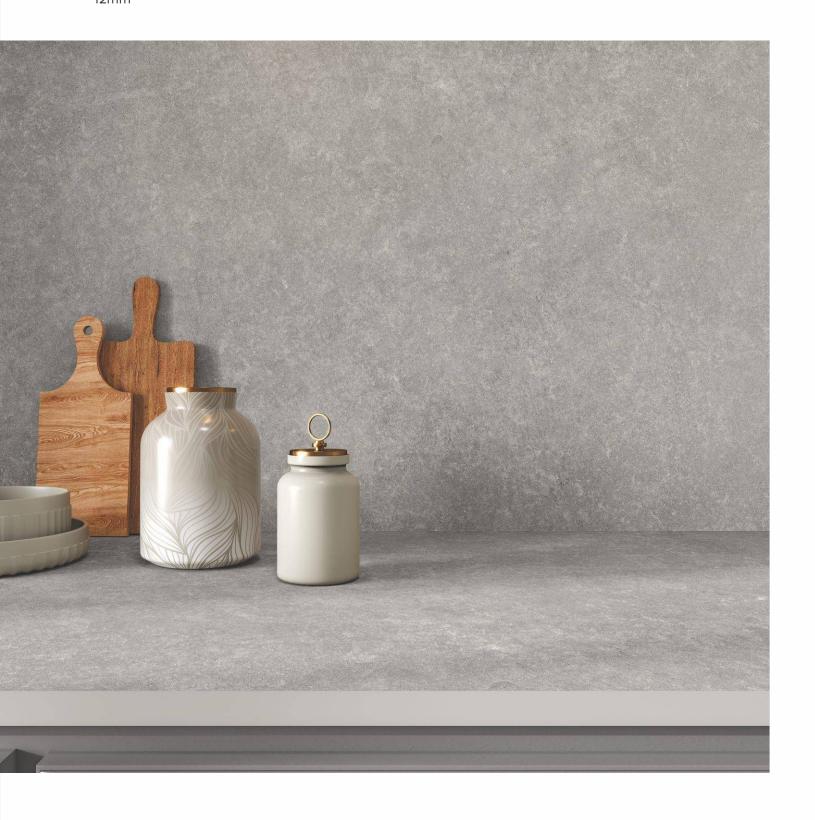




Size: 1600x3200mm / 63"x126"
Surface: Milagro
Thickness: 12mm
Typology: Color Body



Cuisine Corner\_ Cavalina 1600x3200mm 12mm







Cuisine Corner\_ Cavalina 1600x3200mm 12mm



Food Prep Area\_ Santorini Dove 1600x3200mm 12mm



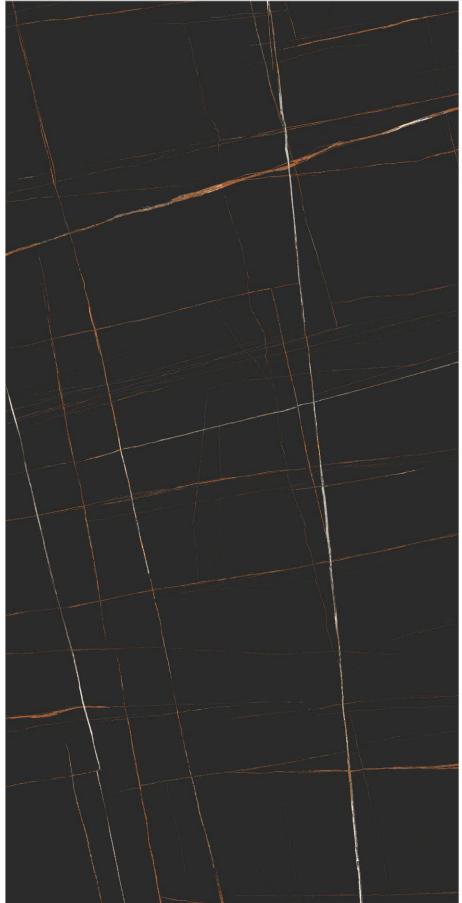


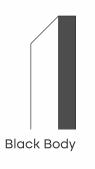


Food Prep Area\_ Santorini Dove 1600x3200mm 12mm







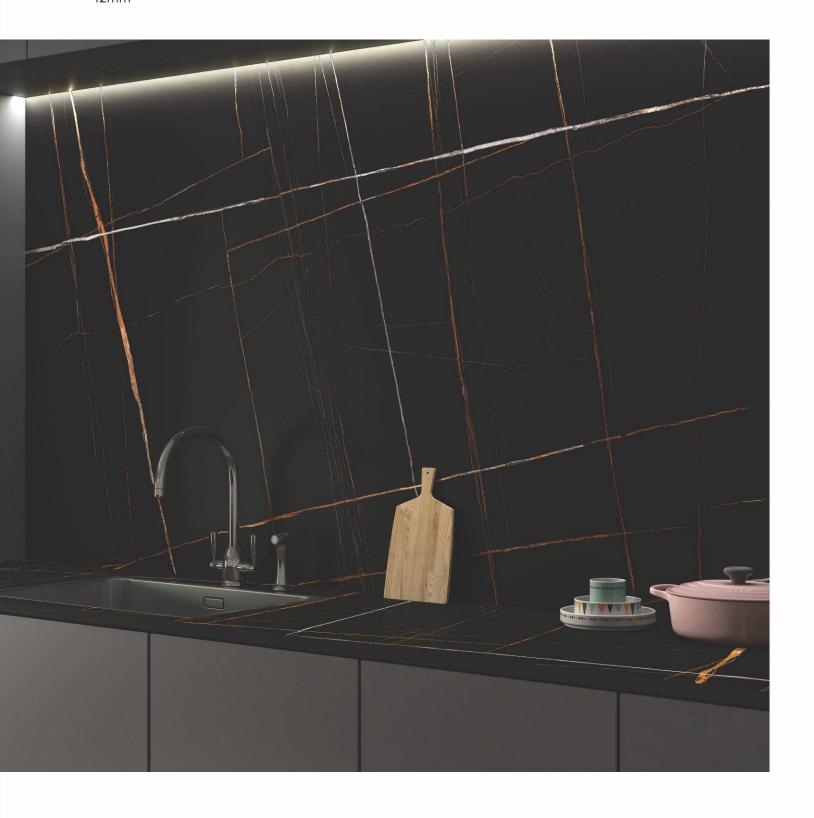


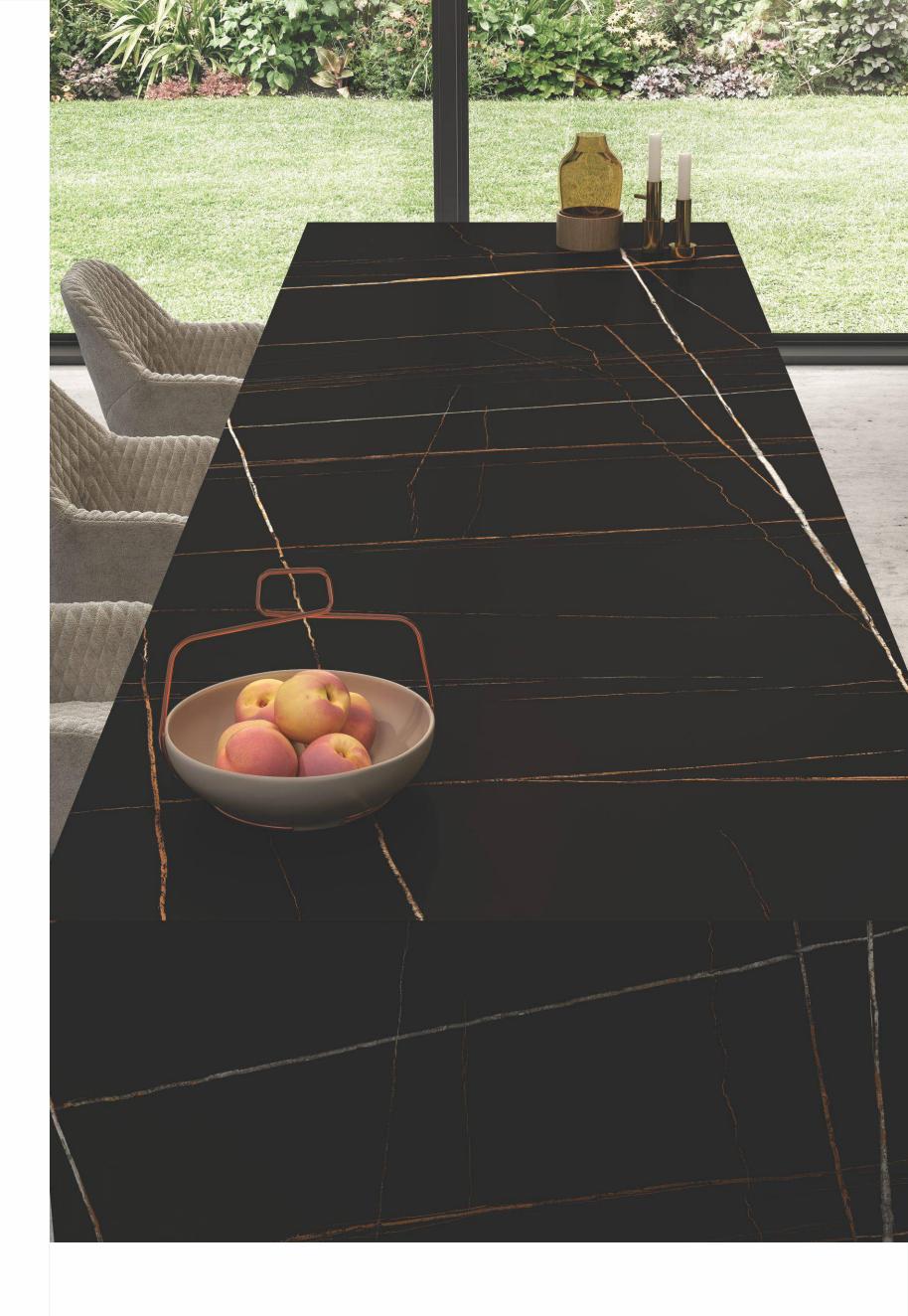
Culinary Bake Area\_ Laurent Gold 1600x3200mm 12mm

Size: 1600x3200mm / 63"x126"
Surface: Milagro
Thickness: 12mm
Typology: Color Body



Culinary Bake Area\_ Laurent Gold 1600x3200mm 12mm







Culinary Bake Area\_ Laurent Gold 1600x3200mm 12mm

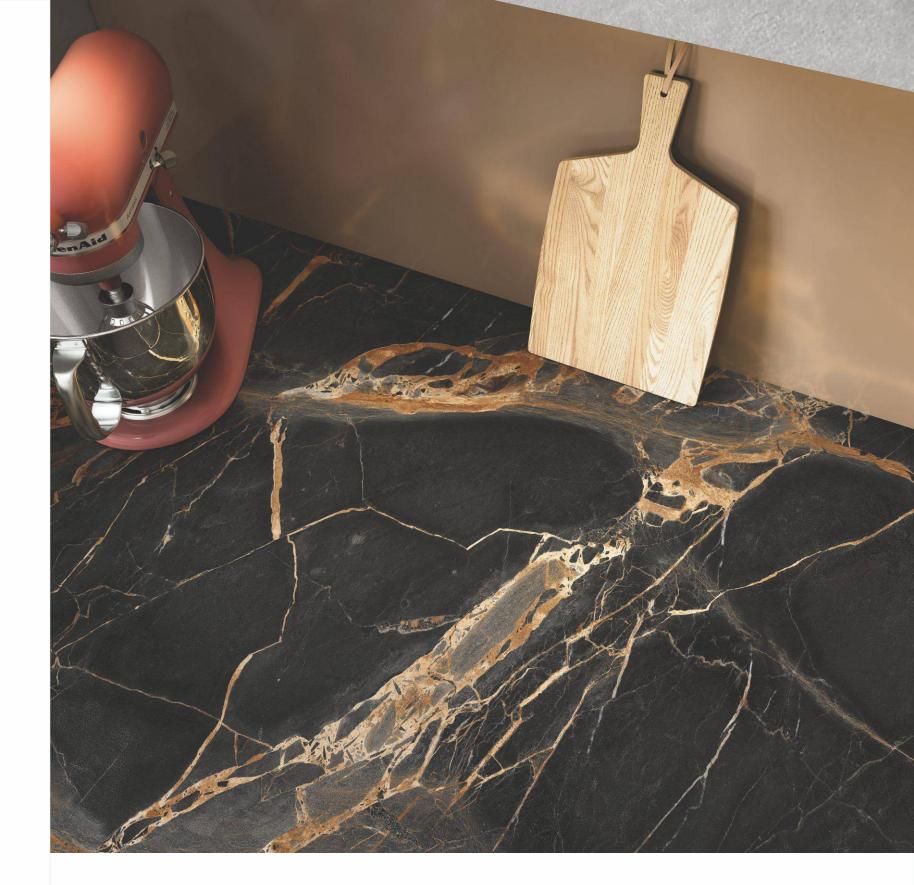
# MACABUS GOLD



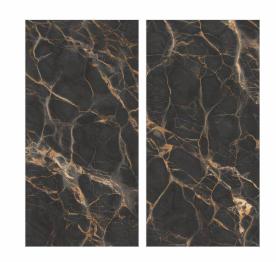
Black Body

Size: 1600x3200mm / 63"x126"
Surface: Milagro
Thickness: 12mm
Typology: Color Body



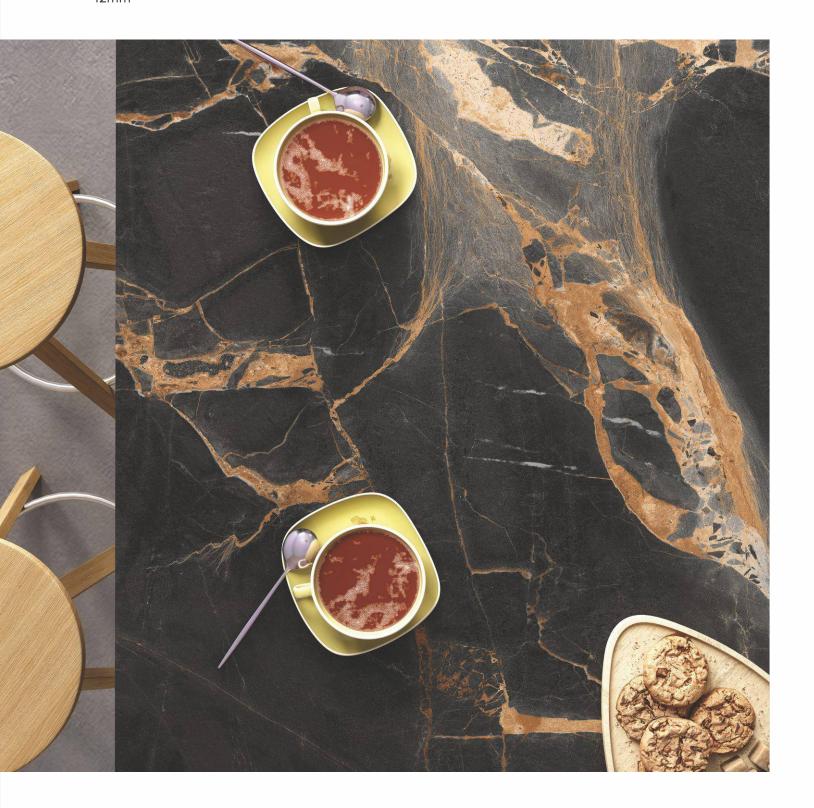


Cooking Sanctuary\_ Macabus Gold 1600x3200mm 12mm





Cooking Sanctuary\_ Macabus Gold 1600x3200mm 12mm



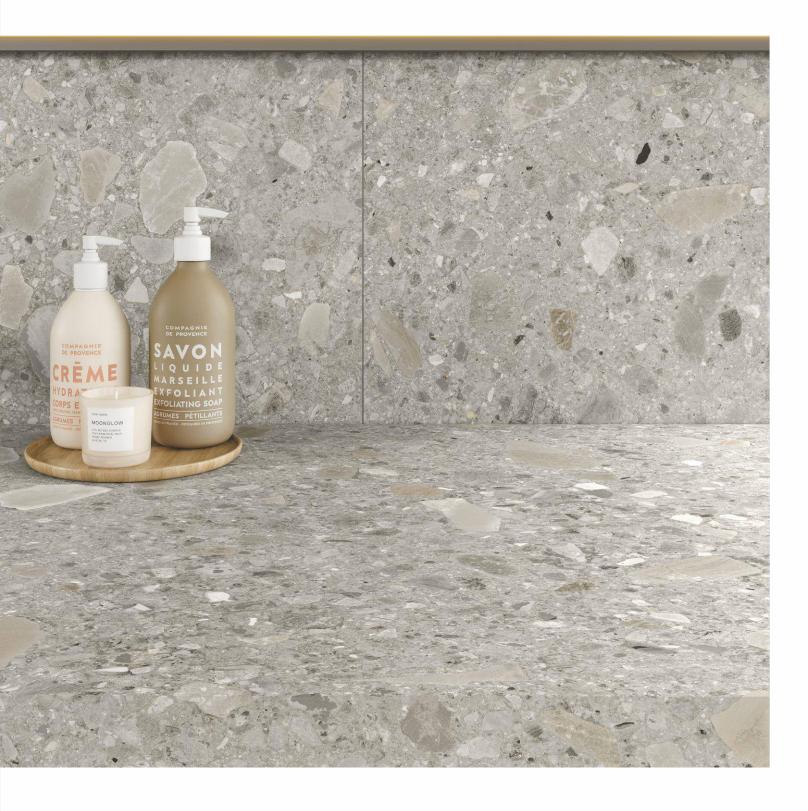




Cooking Sanctuary\_ Macabus Gold 1600x3200mm 12mm



Scrubbing Area\_ Cheppo Di Grande 1600x3200mm 12mm



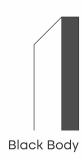




Scrubbing Area\_ Cheppo Di Grande 1600x3200mm 12mm

# SCURO PIETRA





Size: Surface: Thickness: Typology:

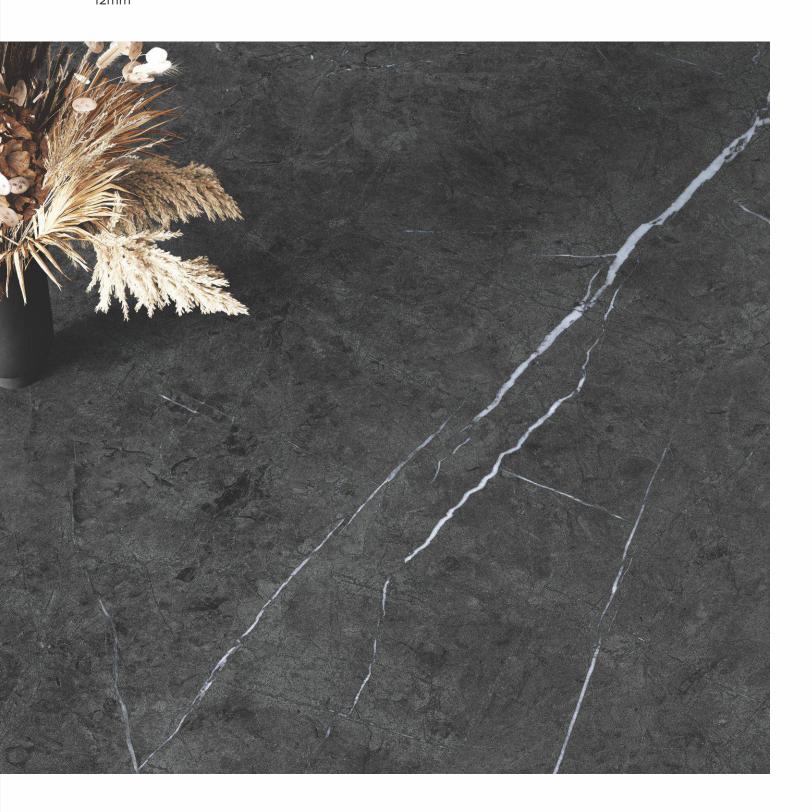
1600x3200mm / 63"x126"
Milagro
s: 12mm
Color Body

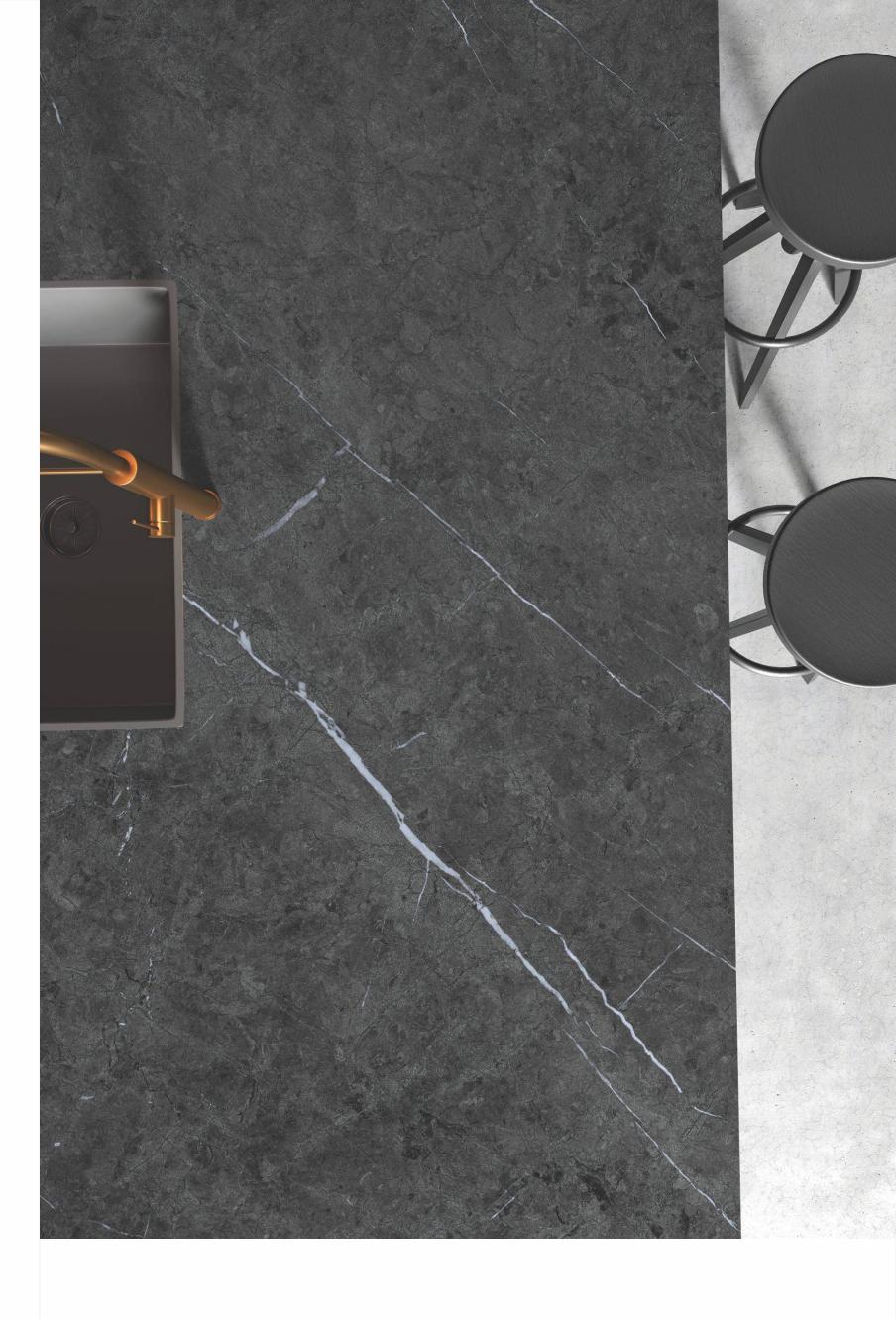


Flavor Haven\_ Scuro Pietra 1600x3200mm 12mm



Flavor Haven\_ Scuro Pietra 1600x3200mm 12mm







Flavor Haven\_ Scuro Pietra 1600x3200mm 12mm



# **Technical** Manual

Superior quality raw materials like kaolin, clay, feldspar, silica, and colouring inks are imported from Europe and other parts of the world to manufacture #43 Slabs, without compromising on its breaking strength, water absorption, dust, termite and chemical resistance.

R43 Slabs are exceptionally hard, resist thermal shock better than any material available today, are virtually nonporous and are a green product. Installation is quicker and easier because of the dimensions of the product. Flooring, wall cladding, kitchen counter tops, vanity tops, steps and risers, and bath surrounds are all possible.

# **Technical Specifications**

CHARACTERISTICS	TEST METHOD	MEAN VALUE OF RXU	STD. AS PER ISO13006:2012/ EN14411 Gr.Bla	STD. AS PER IS15622:2017 Gr.Bla	
Regulatory Properties					
Deviation in length and width	ISO 10545-2 & IS 13630-1	± 0.10 %	± 0.50 %	± 0.10 %	
Deviation in thickness	ISO 10545-2 & IS 13630-1	± 4.00 %	± 5.00 %	± 5.0 %	
Straightness in side	ISO 10545-2 & IS 13630-1	± 0.10 %	± 0.50 %	± 0.10 %	
Rectangularity	ISO 10545-2 & IS 13630-1	± 0.10 %	± 0.60 %	± 0.10%	
Surface flatness Central Curvature	ISO 10545-2 & IS 13630-1	± 0.10 %	± 0.50 %	± 0.50 %	
Surface flatness Edge Curvature	ISO 10545-2 & IS 13630-1	± 0.10 %	± 0.50 %	± 0.50 %	
Surface flatness Warpage	ISO 10545-2 & IS 13630-1	± 0.10 %	± 0.50 %	± 0.50 %	
Surface Quality	ISO 10545-2 & IS 13630-1	> 95% defects free	> 95% defects free	> 95% defects free	
Small Color Difference	ISO 10545-16	No Change	Unaltered	N.A.	
Glossiness (With Nano Polished)	Gloss Meter 60°	> 90° **	As per Mfg.	As per Mfg.	
Glossiness (Without Polished)	Gloss Meter 60°	7° < Gloss < 14°**	As per Mfg.	As per Mfg.	
Glossiness (Satin Finished)	Gloss Meter 60°	15° < Gloss < 25°**	As per Mfg.	As per Mfg.	
Structural Properties					
Water absorption	ISO 10545-2 & IS 13630-3	≤ 0.05 %	≤ 0.50 %	≤ 0.80 %	
Bulk density	DIN51082 & IS 13630-3	> 2.28 gm/cc	> 2.00 g/cc	Min. 2.20 g/cc	
Massive Mechanical Properties					
Modulus of rupture	ISO 10545-4 & IS 13630-6	Min. 37.0 N/mm²	Min. 35.0 N/mm²	Min. 35.0 N/mm²	
Breaking strength thickness <7.5	ISO 10545-4 & IS 13630-6	Min. 1000.0 N	Min. 700.0 N	Min. 700.0 N	
Breaking strength thickness ≥7.5	ISO 10545-4 & IS 13630-6	Min. 1600.0 N	Min. 1300.0 N	Min. 1100.0 N	
Surface Mechanical Properties					
MOH'S hardness	EN 101 & IS 13630-13	Min. 4***	Min. 4	Min. 5	
Surface abrasion resistance-Glossy #	ISO 10545-7 & IS 13630-11	Min. Class 2	As per Mfg.	Min. Class II	
Surface abrasion resistance-Matt #	ISO 10545-7 & IS 13630-11	Min. Class 3	As per Mfg.	Min. Class II	
Thermal Hydrometric Properties					
Moisture expansion	ISO 10545-10 & IS 13630-3	NIL	Max. 0.06	Max. 0.02	
Thermal expansion(COE) at 100°C	ISO 10545-8 & IS 13630-4	Max. 6.0 x 10- <sup>6</sup>	As per Mfg.	Max. 7.0 x 10-6	
Thermal shock resistance	ISO 10545-9 & IS 13630-5	Min. 10 Cycle	Min. 10 Cycle	Min. 10 Cycle	
Crazing Resistance at 7.5 Bar	ISO10545-11 & IS 13630-9	Min. 6 Cycle	As per Mfg.	Min. 4 Cycle	
Impact resistance(COR)	ISO 10545-5 & IS 13630-14	Min. 0.55	As per Mfg.	Min. 0.55	
Frost resistance	ISO10545-12 & IS 13630-10	Frost Proof	As per Mfg.	As per Mfg.	
Chemical Properties					
**Resistance to Staining Glazed	ISO 10545-14 & IS 13630-8	Min. Class 4 / Min. Class I	Min. Class 3	Min. Class I	
**Resistance to Household Chem-	ISO 10545-13 & IS 13630-8	Min. Class GA / Min. Class AA	Min. Class GB	Min. Class AA	
icals & Swimming Pool Salts Glazed	100 105 45 10 5 10 10000 5	Min Olare Ol State	A = = = 1 M6		
**Resistance to Low / High Concentrate Acid and Alkalis Glazed	ISO 10545-13 & IS 13630-8	Min. Class GLB**** / Min. Class A****	As per Mfg.	As per Mfg.	
Safety Properties					
	ISO 10545 17	> 0.40	As por Mf~	As por Mf	
Skid resistance(DCOF-DRY)	ISO 10545-17 ISO 10545-17	> 0.40	As per Mfg.	As per Mfg.	
Slip resistance(DCOF)( R value )##		As per surface	As per Mfg.	As per Mfg.	
Determination of Lead & Cadmium  Release for Glazed Tiles	ISO 10545-15	Dose not yield Pb & Cd	As per Mfg.	N.A.	
release for diazed files		Fire Proof			

# Pallet & Container Packing

Size	Thickness	sq. mtr / Slab	Weight / Slab	Pallet Type	Slabs / Pallet	Weight / Pallet	Pallet / Container	Slabs / Container	sq. mtr / Container	Weight / Container	Size of Container
3200x1600mi		5.12 5.12	145.0 kg 145.0 kg	A-Frame Crate	20 slabs 20 slabs	3010kg 3050kg	9 7	180 140	921.60 716.80	27090kg 21350kg	40 ft 20 ft
3200x1600mi	n 20mm	5.12	238.0 kg	A-Frame	12 slabs	2966kg	9	108	552.96	26694kg	40 ft

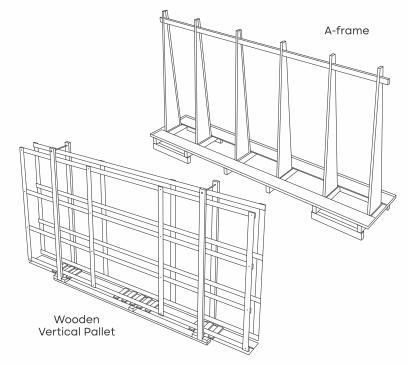
<sup>#</sup> Glaze tiles Intended for use on floor
## As per customer requirement
\*\* Glossiness 90% with nano technology
\*\*\* Without nano technology (Unpolished Vitrified tiles)
\*\*\*\* Except Hydrofluoric Acid & it's compound

# **Packaging**

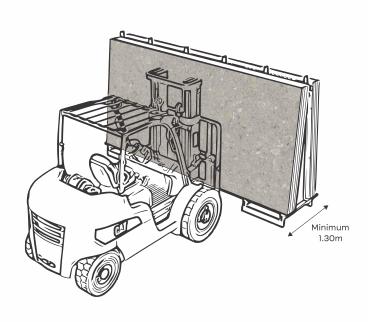
#### A-frames & Wooden Vertical Pallet

To protect the integrity of the big-slabs during transport, optimized packaging has been specially designed and produced for the products.

The slabs are packed and shipped in specially made Wooden Vertical Pallet and on specific A-frames (specially designed to improve the carriage of these products in containers), taking care to protect every single slab from knocks and scratches as best as possible.

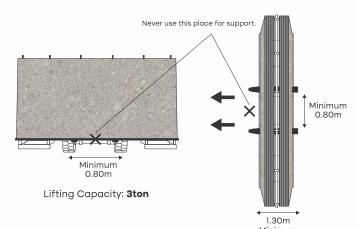


# Handling the slabs on the construction site



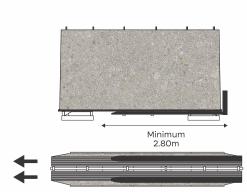
# A-frame handling from long side (A) (Recommended choice)

We recommend you use forks with a length of at least 1.30m, widening them to the maximum limit to make the most use possible of the crate's surface.

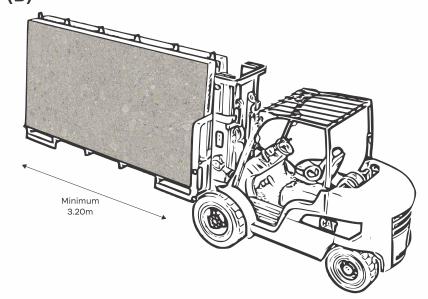


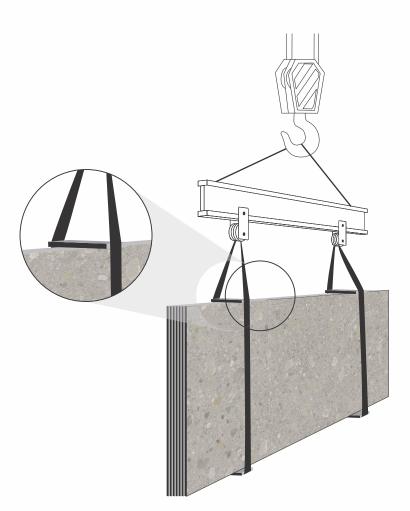
#### A-frame handling from short side (B)

We recommend you use forks with a length of at least 2.80m, widening them to the maximum limit to make the most use possible of the crate's surface.



Lifting Capacity: 5ton





#### Handling with crane

Always pay attention to the movement and handling of the slabs to prevent splintering or breakage. The Size recommends using the following type of clamp for lifting and moving individual slabs:

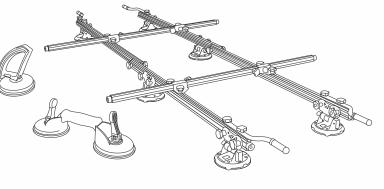
Ensure that for deliveries an oversized stone slab or board is supplied on the steel A-frame as backing support. Strap in Maximum to ensure no horizontal movement occurs during transport.

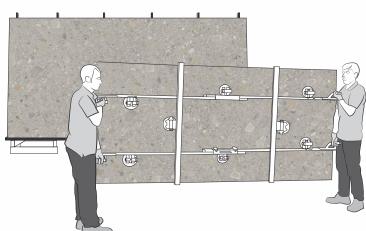
Panels can also be moved with a vertical clamp and overhead crane. To assist the movement of individual mm panels where the clamp doesn't close to 6mm, a rubber saddle can be made up (see photos) or vacuum suction lifters can be used.

When transporting to site, in particular benchtops with cut outs, always lay bench against a solid substrate such as MDF or similar. Ensure that backing support is at least 2cm wider than the benchtop, strap or tape, or both together, so handling will be easier and will avoid potential damage to panels in particular to cut outs. Always carry panels vertically not horizontally.

#### **Equipment**

When handling the slabs, from removing them from the crates through to fitting them on the wall or floor, we recommend you use equipment designed specifically for handling large slabs.





#### Handling with manual suction cups

In the case of two workers, perform the handling using manual suction cups (preferably equipped with a pressure adjustment function). The workers must remove the slabs by lifting them in the middle, then moving them in an upright position, positioning themselves at the two ends of the long side.

#### **Manual handling**

In addition to professional handling machinery, such as pneumatic handling machines or gantries, or the frame stated earlier, the slabs are usually moved (on the construction site and in the warehouse) by workers provided with tools that are commonly available and easy to use.

It is important to remember that manual handling must only be carried out where site conditions are amenable, such as:

- · ample room for manoeuvre;
- ground-floor location;
- · easy access;
- · limited number of slabs to be laid.

IN ANY CASE, THE SLABS MUST ALWAYS BE HANDLED INDIVIDUALLY AND ENSURING THE WORKERS' COMPLETE SAFETY.

# **Special cuts & finishes**

#### **Tops**

R43slabs have a widerange of applications in interior design and both the 12mm versions can be used (afterplating with a support panel) and the 20mm versions, which do not require reinforcement underneath.

Whatever processing is envisaged, it is a good idea to have the final tile made at professional machining centres specializing in this typeof product.



#### **Tops CNC machining**

Also in this case, the discs and the various tools must be diamond-enhanced for stoneware and water-cooled, with a rotation speed ranging from 1900 to 2500rpm (revolutions per minute) and a travel speed of 1-2 m/minute depending on the type of tool.

With this machine you can make the flush fit finish, which must be scored prior to making the cutout for the sink.
With CNC machines, you can make the flush fit finish by proceeding as stated below:

- 1. Drill the first hole
- 2. Make the score
- 3. Cut out the hole for the sink

#### **Tops disc-cutting**

Use water-cooled continuous and segmented rim diamond discs for stoneware, with input and output speeds reduced by 50%.

The rotation speed and the travel direction must be set in based on the disc size and the processing type.

45° cuts are made with machines with tilting discs and, in the case of L-shaped workpieces, it is advisable to make a hole in the corner before proceeding with the linear

The same diamond discs can be mounted on manual grinders for finishing purposes, using the same procedures. The disc should only protrude from the lower part of the slab, very slightly (1-2 mm).

#### Tops processing

The slabs can be cut, shaped, and transformed with cutouts for sinks or holes for taps, using the professional machines in use at machining centres, such as disc cutters, CNC machines and water jet cutters.

#### Tops water jet cutting

This is by far the most powerful type of processing and the one that allows the most types of cutting, shaping or holes to be made, and provides the cleanest edge requiring minimum final rounding.

The slabs must rest firmly on the support grid, which must be flat and devoid of residues from prior processing.

The hole for the cutout must be made inside the cutout area using carefully controlled speed and pressure based on the thickness of the slab being cut and the kind of processing required.

# 10cm 10cm Rounded holes with 5mm radius

#### **Holes for cutouts**

During the top design stage, when making the holes for the taps and the cutouts, apply a minimum distance of 10cm from the outer edges, with respect to the edges and in the event of a series of cutouts (double sink or opening for a hob).

The inner corners must have a minimum radius of 5 mm.

The top outer edges must always chamfer.

We recommend radiuses of more than 1/4" when the kitchen design allows as it makes the countertop firmer.

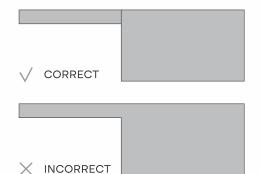


The correct way to create a cutout, except with waterjet and digital control bits, is to first drill the corners and then the rest of the cuts.

<u>^</u>

All cutout corners must have a minimum diameter of 1/4". Never leave 90° angles.

#### **Guidelines for cutouts**

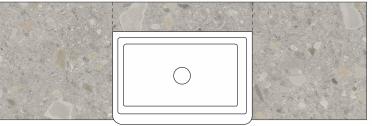


- Two straight cuts must never be joined
- No squared inner corners
- All inner corners must have one radius

If the countertop design so allows, avoid large cutouts. Experienced manufacturers make large cutouts but following their own risk assessment.

If the countertop design so allows, avoid stone countertops with unbalanced weights:

Irregular cuts are also not recommended such as for a "farmhouse sink"; in these cases, add joints to the countertop design:



✓ CORRECT

#### **Observations**

L-shaped countertops

Dividing L-shaped countertops into several parts is recommended to avoid 90° corners in one part.

Make sure the furniture is in perfect conditions and level before installing this type of countertop.

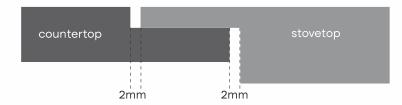




#### Sinks

# For large-size sinks, place a rod support structure under the sink so the weight is on the rods and not the countertop. Removing more than 6mm on a 12mm slab or 10mm on a 20mm slab is not recommended. Undermount sinks To reduce the risk of splintering to a minimum, a round edge with a radius of at least 2mm is recommended.

#### Glass-ceramic / induction stovetops



The minimum distance between the countertop and a stovetop must be 2mm.

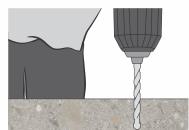
Use the right heat-resistant silicone or the joints supplied by the stovetop manufacturer.

Removing more than 6 mm on a 12 mm slab or 10 mm on a 20 mm slab is not recommended.

#### **Circular holes**

Using a diamond bur, start cutting the hole with the hammer drill function switched off, cutting the slab at an angle of approximately 75°.

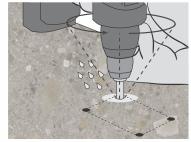
Slowly straighten the drill, moving it carefully from side to side and taking care to keep both the bur and the slab





# Rectangular holes

First of all, using a pencil, mark out the rectangular hole required. Using a drill with a diamond bit (6mm to 7mm), start cutting the slab with the hammer drill function switched off, working at an initial angle of approximately 75°. Then proceed to cut out the hole, applying constant pressure and carefully moving the drill from side to side. It is very important to keep both the drill bit and the slab wet. Proceed by cutting along the marked line, using an angle grinder with a diamond disc fitted.



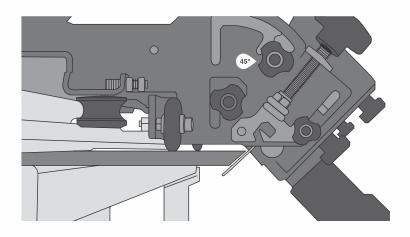


# 45° Angles

The edge used in this application must then be manually bevelled with a suitable tool, and final-polished (only the 12 mm slabs, i.e. those made of two 6-mm slabs coupled together) using polishing wheels in increasing order of abrasive force.

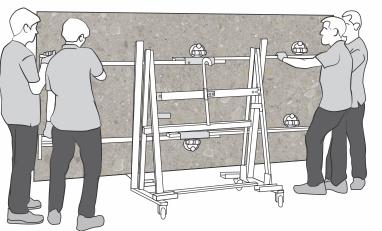
Start cutting the slab with a 45° angle using the cutting bar accessory. Proceed by slowly cutting at a 45° angle, at a constant speed, along the entire edge of the slab.

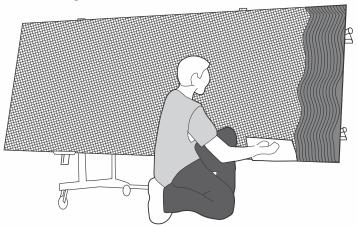
Lastly, hone the slab's sharp edges with a rubber pad or a diamond pad.



# Laying & fixing

Before carrying out any process on the slab and installing it, it is necessary to verify conformity of the material and the possibility of matching with shades already present at the building site. We do not accept complaints about materials that have been processed and installed.





Large format #43 SLABS always require back-buttering. Back-buttering describes the process of applying a layer of adhesive to the back of the tiles using a trowel.

Using a specialist wheeled transport cart, fix the large format slab in a vertical position on the handling frame with the use of suction cups. Use a 10x10mm square toothed trowel for applying your adhesive to the wall or floor and when back-buttering, use a 3x3mm square toothed trowel for the back of the tile.

Using the handling frame with suction cups, bring the slab into a vertical position and slowly lower it to horizontal. The R43 SLABS should be firmly pressed into the adhesive along a straight edge, collapsing all adhesive ridges. Use a levelling system to avoid lippage and frequently checks that your R43 SLABS are even using a suitable box level. Levelling systems are available with 2mm 3mm and 5mm tile spacers.

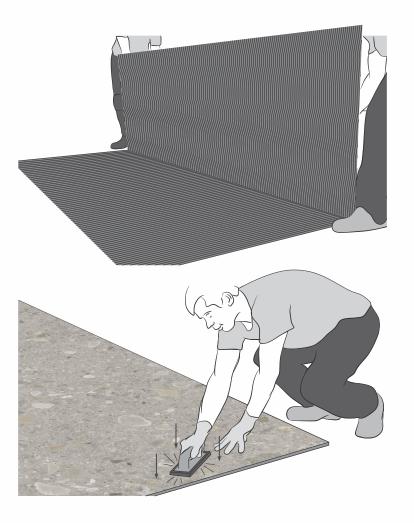
Periodically check the tiles backs to make sure there is full contact between the adhesive and tile. If not, apply additional adhesive to the tile or use a troll with larger notches in your adhesive. As you are working wipe off excess mortar with a wet sponge.

The growth in popularity of large format tiles, with their increased weight and smoother backs, presents new fixing challenges to the professional tiler.

Correct preparation of the subfloor or laying surface is crucial. The laying surface should be rigid, non-flexing and capable of supporting the expected load with minimal or no deflection. A level subfloor is extremely important in order to keep tiles from cracking. Sanding high spots and the use of a levelling compound on low spots is essential. It is also important that R43 SLABS are clean and dry, if necessary wash them with clean water and dry them thoroughly before fixing.

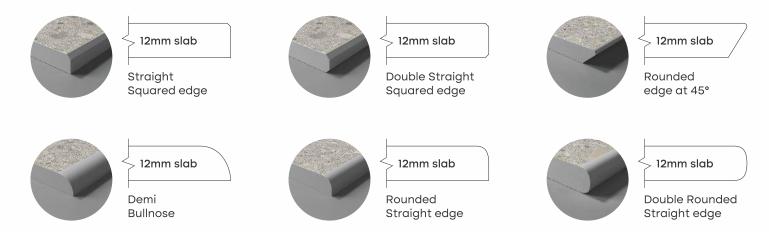
Whatever your specific requirements, whether they be for standard or large formats or within the internal or external applications, selecting the appropriate cement-based, fibre-reinforced or ready-mixed adhesive is vital to ensuring the success of your project.

Once your subfloor is clean and dry, spread the adhesive on the surface to be covered with a 10x10mm square toothed trowel, covering an area 5cm to 10cm more than the size of the R43 SLABS. Always apply the adhesive in stripes running parallel with the short edge to remove air pockets and bubbles. By using this method, full coverage of the R43 SLABS with adhesive is ensured.



# **Edge profile**

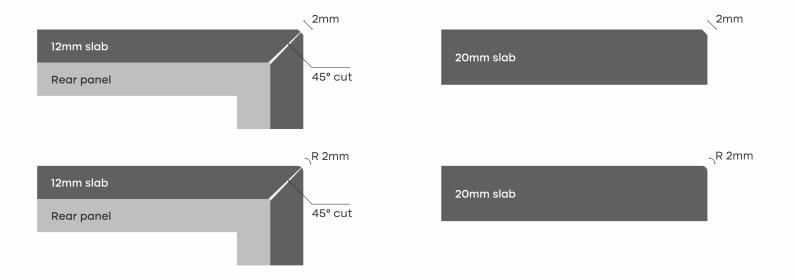
These surfaces boast a 12mm thickness that makes them extra durable and sturdy and the full body offers the possibility of various edge profiles providing complete creative freedom.



### **Tops edges**

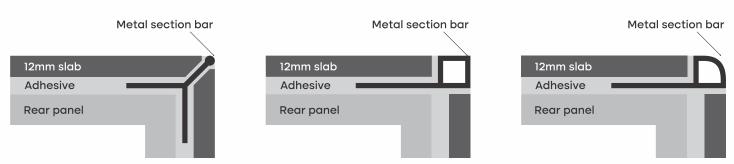
Whatever kind of edge you intend to use will have to be completed with a chamfer or bevel around the perimeter and its finish can be produced using either automatic machines or manually, using suitable discs.

A straight edge must be at least 2mm wide, while rounded edges must have a curvature angle of at least R 2mm, and a third edge can be made with 12mm thick with an angle of less than 30-35° and an upper finish as specified.



#### **Metal section bars**

Alternatively and depending on style requirements, metal section bars can be used for the thinner slabs which are quite commonplace nowadays.



# Cleaning, maintenance & care

The slabs are extremely easy to clean and do not require particular maintenance work.

The production process (involving very high-quality raw materials and high firing temperatures) makes the finishes of slabs non-absorbent and their surfaces almost completely non-porous, which means that cleaning operations are simple and efficient.

In fact, the ceramic structure does not allow dirt to penetrate inside the slab.

#### Post-installation cleaning

After processing and gluing the material, clean the ceramic surface to remove any contaminants (patinas, residues of fillers or adhesive, etc.) that may be present. It is crucial to perform this step properly because it may cause halos if done incorrectly.

To clean structure surfaces, we advise quickly removing stains with plenty of water and a liquid vacuum cleaner to remove the dirt that could deposit on the surface structure. It is important to complete the cleaning phase before the adhesive hardens completely because, give the surface structure, it would be more difficult to remove the adhesive after it has hardened completely.

For correct cleaning, always follow the specific instructions provided by producers of cementitious and epoxy fillers and adhesives used to install slabs to find out which products to use plus methods and waiting times.

If installing slabs outdoors, we suggest cleaning up right after installation during the coolest hours of the day. Do not use abrasive substances or equipment. Under no circumstances use hydrofluoric acid or products that contain it.

The indications listed in this paragraph are not valid for series and finishes. Consult paragraphs 14.1.1 for instructions for these finishes.

Any inability to remove residues of materials used during installation after they have dried cannot be considered a material defect.

During installation and cleaning, sweep the glossy finished products frequently to avoid surface scratches.

Type of dirt	Type of detergent
Beer, wine, coffee	Sodium hypochlorite (bleach) in solution or alkaline detergent
Ice cream	Sodium hypochlorite (bleach) in diluted solution
Tyre rubber	Organic solvent (trichloroethylene)
Greases and oil	Alkali-based detergent
Inks	Sodium hypochlorite (bleach) in solution or alkaline detergent
Indelible felt-tip	Organic solvent (trichloroethylene acetone)
Resins	Organic solvent (turpentine, white spirit, thinner)
Lines from aluminium	Acid detergent or abrasive cream/powder detergent
Rust	Acid-based detergent
Fruit juices	Sodium hypochlorite (bleach) in diluted solution
Other stains	Abrasive cream detergent

#### WARNINGS

- Always comply with the dosages and times recommended by the producer and test in advance on uninstalled material or hidden parts of the installed surface.
- If using acid detergents, before cleaning wet the grouts with plenty of water or protect them from the detergent's corrosive action
- In a location requiring special cleaning parameters (kitchens, hospitals, shops, etc.) or with particularly stubborn types of dirt (outdoor pavings, workshops, etc.), the cleaning procedures recommended above should be combined with scrubber-drier machines and specific products.
- Before starting cleaning procedures, always read the technical datasheets provided in the catalogues for each collection with great care.

# **Technology**

Delivering modern problems their modern solutions with modern technology along with an innovative approach is the need of the hour.



















# **Quality accreditations**



















# **Export country**

# WORLD-CLASS QUALITY READY TO EXPLORE MARKETS

Exceptional products are ready to rule the domestic and international market.

R43 and its superior product range consisting of innovative products and excellent quality are ready to put their mark on the domestic and international market. The expertise, spectacular range, premium offering, and quality will soon rule markets with extensive domestic and worldwide exports.





